TABLE OF CONTENTS

CHAPTER 19.18 APPLICATIONS AND PROCEDURES	
19.18.010 GENERAL	1
A. Compliance with General Plan	_
B. Application	. 1
C. Fee	. 1
D. Posting of Signs	2
E. Development Impact Notice and Assessment (DINA)	3
F. Projects of Regional Significance	4
G. Treatment of Certain Tabled Applications	5
H. Recordation of Zoning Actions	5
I. Reconsideration of Council Action to Deny an Application	5
19.18.020 ANNEXATION	5 5
B. Application	6
C. Zoning Classification of Newly Annexed Territory	6
D. Annexation Process and Procedures	6
19.18.030 GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT	7 7
B. Authority	7
C. Application	7
D. Successive Applications	9
E. Request for Abeyance	9
F. Planning Commission Public Hearing and Action	9
G. Burden of Proof	11
H. City Council Public Hearing and Action	11
I. General Plan Amendment - Determinations	12
J. Certain Minor Amendments.	12
19.18.040 REZONING	12
A. Purpose	12

B. A	uthority	13
C. M	inimum Site Requirements	13
D. A	pplication - General	13
E. A	pplication - Specific Requirements	14
F. Su	ccessive Applications	15
G. R	equest for Abeyance	15
H. P	anning Commission Public Hearing and Action	15
I. Bu	rden of Proof	17
J. Ci	ry Council Public Hearing and Action	17
K. R	ezoning Determinations - Approval	18
L. R	ezoning Determinations - Denial or Limited Approval	18
M. S	ite Development Plan	18
N. A	uthorization to Proceed	18
O. Pi	rocedures Governing Rezoning Approvals Granted before July 1, 2007	18
P. Pr	ocedures Governing Rezoning Approvals Granted on or after July 1, 2007	20
Q. G	eneral Plan Amendment	20
19.18.05	50 SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS	20
	SO SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS	20 20
A. P		
A. P. B. A	urpose	20
A. Pr B. A C. A	pplicability	20 20
A. PrB. AC. AD. D	pplicabilityuthority	20 20 21
A. Po B. A C. A D. D E. Co	pplicability	20 20 21 22
A. Po B. A C. A D. D E. Co F. M	pplicability	20 20 21 22 22 22
A. Po B. A C. A D. D E. Co F. M G. M	pplicability	20 20 21 22 22 22
A. Po B. A C. A D. D E. Co F. M G. M H. A	pplicability	 20 20 21 22 22 22 23
A. Po B. A C. A D. D E. Co F. M G. M H. A I. Re	pplicability	20 20 21 22 22 22 23 26
A. Po B. A C. A D. D E. Co F. M G. M H. A I. Re J. Ex	pplicability	20 20 21 22 22 22 23 26 26
A. Po B. A C. A D. D E. Co F. M G. M H. A I. Re J. Ex	pplicability	20 20 21 22 22 23 26 26 27
A. Po B. A C. A D. D E. Co F. M G. M H. A I. Re J. Ex	pplicability	20 20 21 22 22 23 26 26 27

D. Success	sive Applications	28
E. Drawing	gs and Plans Required	29
F. Request	for Abeyance	31
G. Plannin	g Commission Public Hearing and Action	31
H. Precede	ents	32
I. Burden o	of Proof	32
J. Appeals	and City Council Review	32
K. City Co	ouncil Public Hearing	33
L. Special	Use Permit - Determinations	34
M. Amend	ments to an Approved Special Use Permit	35
N. Prematu	ure Use of Property	35
O. Revocat	tion	35
P. Termina	ntion	36
19.18.070 VA	ARIANCE	37
A. Purpose	÷	37
B. Scope a	nd Limitations	37
C. Applica	tion	37
D. Success	sive Applications	38
E. Request	for Abeyance	38
F. Drawing	gs and Plans Required	39
G. Public I	Hearing and Action	39
H. Precede	ents	40
I. Burden o	of Proof	40
J. Appeals.		40
K. City Co	ouncil Public Hearing and Action	41
L. Determi	inations	42
M. Premat	ure Use of Property	42
N. Revocat	tion	42
O. Termina	ation	43
19.18.080 AD	OMINISTRATIVE DEVIATION	44
	>	44

	B. Authority
	C. Eligibility
	D. Application
	E. Decision
	F. Administration Deviation Determinations
	G. Conditions
	H. Notice of Decision.
	I. Precedents
	J. Burden of Proof
	K. Premature Use of Property
	L. Revocation
19	.18.090 DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENTS
	A. Statutory Authority - Conformance Required
	B. Planning Commission Review
	C. Administration and Enforcement
	D. Application of Zoning Provisions
19	.18.100 TEMPORARY COMMERCIAL PERMIT
	A. Purpose
	B. Authority
	C. Permitted Uses
	D. Application and Decision
	E. Appeal
	F. Conditions of Approval
	G. Cleanup of Temporary Site
	H. Revocation
10	2.18.110 HOME OCCUPATION PERMIT
17	A. Purpose and Permit Requirement
	B. Exceptions
	C. Authority
	D. Application
	D. ADDINAUUI

E. Process and Review		51
F. Decision and Notice of Decision		51
G. Operational Standards		51
H. Appeal of Director's Action		54
I. Optional Treatment of Appeal		54
J. Transfer of Permits		54
K. Expiration		54
L. Revocation or Modification		55
19.18.120 ZONING CODE TEXT	AMENDMENT	55
A. Purpose		55
B. Authority		55
C. Planning Commission Public He	aring and Action	55
D. City Council Consideration		56
19.18.130 STREET NAME CHAN	GE	56
A. Purpose		56
		56
C. Time of Filing		56
D. Planning Commission Public He	aring and Action	56
E. City Council Public Hearing and	Review	56
F. Recording		57
19.18.140 REVIEW OF CONDITI	ONS	57
A. Purpose		57
B. Application		57
C. Hearing		57
D. Decision		58
E. Notice of Decision		58
19.18.150 REQUIRED REVIEWS		58
		58
_		58

C. Types of Required Review	59
D. Hearing	59
E. Decision	59
F Notice of Decision	60

CHAPTER 19.18 APPLICATIONS AND PROCEDURES

19.18.010 GENERAL

A. Compliance with General Plan

Except as otherwise authorized by this Title, approval of all Rezonings, Development Reviews, Special Use Permits, Variances, Minor Exceptions and Development Agreements shall be consistent with the spirit and intent of the General Plan.

B. Application

{Ord 6095 - 06/02/10}

- 1. **Time of Filing.** In order to provide sufficient time for the necessary investigation by the Planning Commission and/or its Secretary and agents, a complete application for the request must be filed with the Director a minimum of 30 days prior to the date of the meeting at which the application is to be heard and considered.
- **2. Notarized Application.** Applications shall be signed by the owner and notarized. If the property has multiple owners, the applicant shall provide the City with a list of all persons and entities with an ownership interest in the property if not all of the owners have signed the application.
- **3. Pre-application Conference.** A pre-application conference with a designated representative from the Department of Planning and Development is required prior to submitting an application for a General Plan Amendment, a Rezoning, a Major Site Development Plan Review, a Special Use Permit, a Variance or a Development Agreement.
- **4. Review of Applications.** Following the submittal of an application, staff shall review the application to verify that the information is complete and fulfills application requirements. If the application is not complete, staff will notify the applicant, and the application will not be scheduled on an appropriate agenda until the application is complete.
- **5. Discretion Regarding the Acceptance of Applications.** The Director has the discretion not to accept any application which seeks action that is not available under this Title.

C. Fees

{Ord. 6086 - 03/03/2010} {Ord 6095 - 06/02/10}

- 1. Adopted. The Director is authorized to charge fees related to the processing of applications, appeals and other requests in accordance with the Fee Schedule. The Fee Schedule set forth in Title 19 is hereby adopted as part of this Title and may be amended from time to time by resolution of the City Council.
- **2. When Payable.** Fees for filing applications, appeals and other requests under this Title are set forth in the Fee Schedule and are due at the time the application, appeal or request is filed.
- **3.** Additional Fees. With respect to any application, appeal or other request under this Title that requires notification of a public hearing, the applicant shall also pay the notification and advertising costs identified in the Fee Schedule. Payment of those costs shall be made upon filing of the application.

March 1997 Page - 1 -

- **4. Waiver of Fees.** The City Manager may waive any fee referred to in the Fee Schedule on behalf of:
 - (a) Any member of the Southern Nevada Regional Planning Coalition; or
 - **(b)** Any entity with whom the Coalition is required to integrate long-term planning programs pursuant to NRS 278.02584.

D. Posting of Signs

1. General

- **a.** Notification signs shall be posted by the Department of Planning and Development or its authorized agent or contractor. An application will not be processed until the applicant has paid the fees established by the City for the posting of signs.
- **b.** Notification signs shall be posted in conformance with NRS 278.260 as supplemented by this section.
- **c.** Each notification sign must be of a size not less than four feet high and three feet wide; provided, however, that, in the case of a store frontage, the minimum size of a notification sign placed in the store front window shall be two feet high and two feet wide.

2. Number of Signs Required

- **a.** One notification sign is required for tracts of five acres or less.
- **b.** The Director may determine that additional notification signs should be posted for each additional five acres or portion thereof.
- **3. Timing.** The required number of notification signs shall be posted on the property at least 10 days before the date of the first scheduled public hearing.

4. Placement of Signs

- **a.** The signs must be posted at a prominent location on the subject property and must be easily visible by the general public.
- **b.** Required signs shall remain visible and legible from 10 days prior to the first public hearing and until final action is taken. The applicant is responsible for ensuring compliance with this paragraph once the required signs have been posted.
- **c.** The City or its authorized agent or contractor is responsible for removing the notification signs after the final action on the case.
- **5. Inadequate Notice.** If it is determined that adequate notice has not been provided in accordance with this Section, the Planning Commission or City Council may hold the application in abeyance or deny the application.
- **6. Illegal Removal of Signs.** It is unlawful to intentionally or knowingly remove a notification sign that has been posted pursuant to this section or conceal the sign message.

E. Development Impact Notice and Assessment (DINA)

1. Background. Pursuant to 1999 Statutes of Nevada, Chapter 481, ("Chapter 481"), a person who proposes to develop a project of significant impact is generally required to submit an impact statement to the local zoning authority before specified actions can be taken regarding the project. This Section implements the requirements associated with Chapter 481. The impact statement to be required by the City is identified as a Development Impact Notice and Assessment (DINA), and requires the information described in Chapter 481. The required information includes information regarding vehicle trips, student enrollment, sewage generation, water demand, storm water runoff, distance from public safety facilities, existing and planned capacities of service required for the project, and other anticipated effects of the project.

For the purposes of this Section, a project is deemed to be a "project of significant impact" if it would create:

- **a.** Final maps or planned unit developments of 500 units or more;
- **b.** Tourist accommodations of 300 units or more;
- **c.** A commercial or industrial facility generating more than 3,000 average daily vehicle trips; or
- **d.** A nonresidential development encompassing more than 160 acres.
- **2. Applicability.** This subchapter applies to all development within the City, except for any project:
 - **a.** Located on property which was the subject of a development agreement with a local government, if the agreement became effective before June 8, 1999; or
 - **b.** Which was approved before June 8, 1999.
- 3. Requirements. Before scheduling a pre-application conference in accordance with Section 19.18.010(B), a person proposing a development of significant impact in connection with an application for rezoning, for site development plan review, or for a special use permit must meet with agencies and service providers from which the information required for a DINA report must be obtained. At the pre-application conference, the applicant must present to Planning and Development staff, on forms provided by the Department, the agency and provider responses that have been obtained by the applicant. A completed DINA report must be submitted no later than at the time of making an application under this Chapter. The department is authorized to withhold the processing of an application until a completed DINA report has been submitted.
- **4. Review.** Action by the City Council concerning a project of significant impact shall be in accordance with Chapter 481. Pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 481, the City Council may approve a project with respect to which the capacities of roads, sources of water supply or facilities for wastewater and flood control will not be sufficient to support the project if the Council requires the person who proposes to develop the project to carry out appropriate measures of mitigation to substantially reduce the impact of the project on those elements of infrastructure.

F. Projects of Regional Significance

{Ord 5477 - 05/01/02}

- 1. **Determination.** At the earliest stage feasible, the Department shall determine whether a development proposal, proposed zoning map amendment, proposed local land use plan amendment, proposed Special Use Permit, or other proposal qualifies as a "project of regional significance." Where possible, this determination should be made at the time an application is filed for a proposal that requires review at a public meeting.
- 2. Assessment and Referral. Upon determining that a proposal qualifies as a "project of regional significance" by reason of its proximity to the boundary of another municipal corporation or an unincorporated area (the "affected local government"), the Department shall refer the proposal to the affected government(s). The referral shall consist of a description of the proposal, copies of any application materials, and an impact statement that includes at a minimum:
 - **a.** The number of vehicle trips that the proposal will generate, estimated by applying to the proposal the average trip rates for the peak days and hours established by the Institute of Transportation Engineers (or its successor).
 - **b.** The estimated number of pupils that the proposal will add to the enrollment of each elementary school, junior high/middle school, and high school that will be impacted by the proposal.
 - **c.** The distance from the site of the proposal to the nearest facilities from which firefighting, police and emergency services will be provided, including without limitation facilities of a local government that are planned but not yet constructed, and facilities that have been included in a local government's plan for capital improvements prepared pursuant to NRS 278.0226.
 - **d.** A brief statement setting forth the anticipated effect of the proposal on housing, mass transit, open space and recreation.
- **3.** Comment by affected Local Government(s). Upon receipt of a referral, an affected local government shall have 15 calendar days within which to provide comments to the Department. The comments may propose suggestions for the mitigation of any negative impacts of the proposal on the affected local government.
- **4. Consideration of Comments.** The Department shall, within its discretion, give consideration to any suggestions for mitigation that have been received from an affected local government and, in accordance therewith, shall require or recommend mitigation of the proposal's potential negative impacts on the affected local government to the maximum practical extent. For purposes of this paragraph, "maximum practical extent" means that under circumstances:
 - **a.** Reasonable efforts have been made to minimize any negative impacts of the proposal;
 - **b.** The costs of compliance with the suggestions for mitigation clearly exceed the potential benefits to the public, or would unreasonable burden the proposal; and

c. Reasonable steps have been undertaken to minimize any potential harm or adverse impacts resulting from the failure to implement the suggestions for mitigation.

- **5. Report of Findings.** The Department shall prepare a written description of the manner in which the suggestions for mitigation by any affected local government(s) were addressed, and shall include the description with or in the staff report regarding the proposal. The description shall be included in the project file for the proposal. The Department shall send the description to any affected locate government that provided comments regarding the proposal, endeavoring to do so by the time that draft staff reports are distributed for the Planning Commission meeting at which the application for the proposal is to be heard.
- **6. Interpretation of Notification and Separation Requirements.** For purposes of applying the distance-separation and property-owner notification requirements of this Title, distances shall be measured, and property owners notified, without regard to jurisdictional boundaries.

G. Treatment of Certain Tabled Applications

Any application under this Chapter that requires a public hearing and that is tabled at the request of an applicant shall expire six months after the last announced public hearing date, unless:

- 1. Within that period of time, the applicant has requested that the item be scheduled again for hearing; or
- **2.** The motion to table the application specified otherwise.

After an application has expired in accordance with this Subsection (G), the applicant must submit a new application. {Ord. 5891 - 02/17/07}

H. Recordation of Zoning Actions

In connection with the approval of any application under this Chapter that includes zoning conditions, requirements or limitations, the Department is authorized to record with the County Recorder's Office a notice advising that:

- 1. Zoning action regarding the property has been taken;
- 2. Such action is subject to conditions, requirements or limitations; and
- **3.** Inquiry should be made to the City to obtain further information regarding the nature and extent of those conditions, requirements or limitations. *{Ord. 5946 11/07/07}*

I. Reconsideration of Council Action to Deny an Application

{Ord 6111 - 09/15/10}

1. Action by the City Council to deny an application, where such action is "final action" under the provisions of this Chapter, shall be deemed final action for purposes of judicial review, subject to the provisions of Paragraph (2) below. However, for purposes other than judicial review, City Council action taken pursuant to this Paragraph (1) or Paragraph (2) below shall be subject to the provisions of Paragraphs (3) through (5) below.

March 1997 Page - 5 -

- 2. Any member of the City Council who voted with the majority regarding an application referred to in Paragraph (1) above may, at the same meeting at which the action was taken, request that the item be reconsidered at that meeting.
- 3. During the period of fourteen calendar days following action taken pursuant to Paragraphs (1) or (2) above to deny an application, any member of the City Council who voted with the majority regarding the application may file with the City Clerk a written request for the item to be rescinded and reconsidered. If such a request is made (and subject to the provisions of Paragraph (4) below), an appropriate item to rescind the previous vote shall be put on the next available Council agenda, and a follow-up item to reconsider the vote may be put on that same agenda or the next available agenda.
- **4.** No agenda item to rescind or reconsider an item under this Subsection (I) shall be considered unless:
 - **a.** Consideration of the item is in compliance with the requirements of NRS Chapter 241; and
 - **b.** Notice of consideration of the item has been provided to property owners (and published) to the same extent as when the item was heard previously.
- **5.** The provisions of this Subsection (I) shall apply notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, and notwithstanding any custom or procedural rule that governs or has governed action by the City Council.

19.18.020 ANNEXATION

A. Purpose

The purpose of the annexation procedures is to establish a process for incorporating property into the City of Las Vegas. The City of Las Vegas will consider annexation of any developed or undeveloped property that satisfies the eligibility requirements and provisions of NRS 268.570 to 268.608. The City will also zone newly annexed areas under the appropriate zoning category in accordance with procedures and guidelines contained in this subchapter and the adopted goals and policies of the City's General Plan.

B. Application

A petition for Annexation shall be made on a form provided by the Department of Planning and Development. All applications shall be filed with the Director of the Department of Planning and Development.

C. Zoning Classification of Newly Annexed Territory

1. General

a. Annexation shall be in accordance with the provisions of NRS 268.570 through 268.608.

b. The following guidelines shall be used to determine the zoning classification of any parcel to be annexed to the City:

- 1) **Developed.** The annexed territory, if developed, shall be classified with the same zoning classification that was in effect on the property prior to annexation or the nearest comparable classification.
- 2) Undeveloped. If the property annexed is undeveloped, but is classified for development other than residential uses or for residential uses permitting more than two dwelling units per acre, it shall be classified with the same zoning classification that was in effect on the property prior to annexation or the nearest comparable classification; or the City Council may, as a condition of annexation, change the classification to a more restrictive classification.
- 3) Undeveloped and Classified. If the property annexed is undeveloped and classified for residential uses permitting no more than two dwelling units per acre, the parcel shall be classified with the same zoning classification that was in effect on the property prior to annexation or the nearest comparable classification; or the City Council may, as a condition of annexation, classify the parcel(s) as U (Undeveloped) until such time as a proper classification is determined, at which time it may be rezoned under the procedures set forth in Subchapter 19.18.040.
- **4) Partially Developed.** If the property to be annexed is partially developed, the property, as described in the above subsections, shall apply separately or collectively to the undeveloped portions and developed portions.
- 5) Undeveloped Without Permanent Zoning. For undeveloped property which has been approved for rezoning by Resolution of Intent or otherwise, but for which the rezoning has not been made permanent by ordinance, the City may, as a condition of annexation, change the zoning to a more restrictive classification.

D. Annexation Process and Procedures

- **1. Annexation Process.** Standard annexation of territory must follow the annexation process and procedures established in NRS 268.578 through 268.596.
- **2. Alternate Annexation Process.** As an alternative to the procedures set forth in NRS.268.578 through 268.596, the City may annex qualifying territory in accordance with NRS 268.597.

19.18.030 GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT

A. Purpose

The purpose of this subchapter is to set forth the procedures by which the Planning Commission and City Council will periodically review and evaluate the General Plan to ensure that it remains an accurate statement of the City's land-use goals and policies based on current data.

Page - 7 -

B. Authority

{Ord 6088 - 04/21/10}

Whenever the public health, safety and general welfare requires, the City Council may, upon a resolution of the Planning Commission carried by the affirmative votes of not less than five members, or upon review of a requested General Plan Amendment which has not been approved by resolution of the Planning Commission, change the General Plan land use designation for any parcel or area of land to allow different zoning classifications. Subsequent growth and development factors in the community may be considered, among other factors, when determining whether such amendment to the General Plan promotes the public health, safety and general welfare. For purposes of this Subsection (B), the Planning Commission's resolution may be in the form of a vote reflected in the minutes of the Planning Commission meeting.

C. Application

{*Ord* 6095 – 06/02/10}

- **1. Initiation of Application.** A General Plan Amendment may be initiated by the Department, the Planning Commission or the City Council, or by means of an application filed by the owner(s) of record of each parcel of property proposed for a General Plan Amendment.
- **2. Pre-Application Conference.** Before submitting an application for a General Plan Amendment, the owner or authorized representative shall engage in a pre-application conference with the staff of the Department of Planning and Development to discuss preliminary land planning, including land use relationships, density, transportation systems, infrastructure facilities and landscaping and open space provisions.

3. Form and Filing.

- **a.** An application for a General Plan Amendment shall be made to the Planning Commission on a separate application form to be provided by the Department of Planning and Development. The application shall be signed, notarized and acknowledged by the owner of record of each parcel of property. This application shall be filed with the Secretary of the Planning Commission at the office of the Department of Planning and Development.
- **b.** In addition, any application for a General Plan Amendment shall specifically list reasons for the request and state why the proposed amendment works to promote the public health, safety and general welfare of the community. The application shall contain a list of factors requiring comment by the applicant, including:
 - 1) Whether there has been unanticipated growth and development of the community in the area surrounding the application site or growth and development not specifically considered when the General Plan was adopted;
 - 2) Whether the proposed amendment to the General Plan will allow a zoning classification which imposes burdens similar to the burdens imposed by the classification currently provided for under the General Plan;
 - 3) Whether the amendment to the General Plan continues to promote the objectives of the General Plan as designated in NRS 278.

4. Other Governmental Ownership.

a) Application Requirements. With respect to property which is owned by the State of Nevada or the United States of America, a General Plan Amendment application is sufficient if it is signed and acknowledged by a prospective purchaser of that property who has:

- i. Entered into a contract with the governmental entity to obtain ownership of the property;
- **ii.** Provided to the Department a letter from the governmental entity indicating that it consents to the filing of the application and agrees to be bound by the application; or
- **iii.** Provided to the Department a letter from the governmental entity indicating that it has no objection to the filing of the application.
- b) Effect of Letter of No Objection. In the case of an application that is supported by a letter of no objection under Subparagraph (a)(iii) of this Paragraph (4), the applicant shall acknowledge in writing, by means of a form provided by the Department or in a form acceptable to the City Attorney, that:
 - i. The processing of the application is done as an accommodation only;
 - ii. The application, the results thereof, and any entitlements related thereto are dependent upon the applicant's obtaining an enforceable contractual interest in the property; and
- **iii.** The applicant assumes the risk of proceeding without any assurance that approval of the application will lead to an ability to implement the approval.
- 5. Non-Property Owner. A General Plan Amendment application is sufficient if it is signed and acknowledged by a lessee, a contract purchaser or an optionee of the property for which the General Plan Amendment is sought. However, interest in that property must exist in a written agreement with the owner of record, attached to which is a copy of the General Plan Amendment application and in which the owner of record has authorized the lessee, contract purchaser or optionee to sign the application. The agreement must further stipulate that the owner of record consents to the filing and processing of the application.
- **6. Multiple Ownership.** In the case of multiple ownership of a parcel, only one of the owners of record shall be required to sign the application. A list of all other owners shall be provided with the application.
- 7. Quarterly Consideration. In the interest of economy and efficiency in the processing of applications, and in the interest of providing for amendments to the General Plan that are orderly and well-considered in relation to each other and to the public interest, the Director of Planning and Development is authorized to process applications to amend the General Plan so that such applications are presented to the Planning Commission and City Council on a quarterly basis. Such applications may be filed at any time, but the Director may withhold the processing of such applications in order to accomplish the purposes of this Subsection. After its initial presentation to the Planning Commission or City Council, any such application may be held in abeyance to and considered at any subsequent meeting. The Director of Planning and Development may withhold the scheduling of related zoning applications until a meeting subsequent to the one at which proposed Plan Amendments are heard.

March 1997 Page - 9 -

D. Successive Applications

- 1. Previously Denied Application. An application for a General Plan Amendment for a parcel in which all or any part was the subject of a previous General Plan Amendment application for the same land use category, a similar category or a less restrictive land use category has been denied, or which has been withdrawn subsequent to the noticing of a public hearing, shall not be accepted until the following periods have elapsed between the date of the denial or withdrawal and the date of the meeting for which the proposed application would be scheduled in the normal course:
 - **a.** After the first denial or any withdrawal after public notice has been given one year.
 - **b.** After the second or subsequent denial or withdrawal after public notice has been given two years.
- 2. Previously Withdrawn Application. The time periods that are described in subsection 1 of this section and that otherwise would become effective because of the withdrawal of an application shall not become effective if, after consideration of the timing and circumstances of the withdrawal, the Planning Commission or the City Council specifically approves the withdrawal without prejudice.

E. Request for Abeyance

Any applicant who wishes to have an application held in abeyance following the notice and posting of the agenda of the Planning Commission or the City Council shall state good cause for the request. Good cause shall be more than mere inconvenience to the applicant or lack of preparation.

F. Planning Commission Public Hearing and Action

{Ord 5792 - 10/05/05} {Ord 6088 - 04/21/10} {Ord 6095 - 06/02/10}

1. Hearing. Subject to the provisions of Section 19.18.030(C)(7), upon receipt of a complete General Plan Amendment application or an Amendment proposed by the Planning Commission or City Council, the Planning Commission shall hold a public hearing.

2. Notice

- **a. Notice Provided.** Notice of the time, place and purpose of the hearing must be given at least 10 days before the hearing by:
 - i. Publishing the notice in a newspaper of general circulation within the City;
 - ii. Mailing a copy of the notice to:
 - **A.** The applicant;
 - **B.** Each owner of real property located within a minimum of one thousand feet of the property described in the application;

C. Each tenant of any mobile home park that is located within one thousand feet of the property described in the application;

- **D.** The owner of each of the thirty separately-owned parcels nearest to the property described in the application to the extent this notice does not duplicate the notice otherwise required by this Paragraph 2;
- **E.** Any advisory board which has been established for the affected area by the City Council; and
- **F.** The president or head of any registered local neighborhood organization whose organization boundaries are located within a minimum of one mile of the property described in the application.
- **b.** Names Provided. The Department shall provide, at the request of the applicant, the name and address of any person notified pursuant to Subparagraph (F) above.
- **c. Additional Notice.** The Department may give additional notice of the hearing by expanding the area of notification or using other means of notification or both. The Department shall endeavor to provide any additional notice at least 10 days before the date of the hearing.
- **d. Signs.** Notification signs shall be posted in conformance with Section 19 .18.010(D).

3. Planning Commission Decision

{Ord 6088 - 04/21/10}

- **a.** A decision to recommend approval of a General Plan Amendment shall be by resolution of the Planning Commission with the affirmative votes of not less than two-thirds of the total membership of the Commission. For purposes of this Paragraph (a), the Planning Commission's resolution may be in the form of a vote reflected in the minutes of the Planning Commission meeting. The Planning Commission may approve or deny an application for a General Plan Amendment.
- **b.** In making a decision to approve the proposed General Plan Amendment, the Planning Commission shall consider the facts presented at the public hearing and shall make the determinations contained in Section (I) of this Section. The Planning Commission may consider recommending:
 - i. The approval of more restrictive land use category than that set forth in the application; or
 - **ii.** The amendment of fewer than all parcels described in the application to either the land use category requested in the application or a more restrictive land use category, but only if such parcels are distinct legal parcels.
- **c.** Following the hearing, the Planning Commission shall make its decision to either recommend approval or denial of the application.

4. Notice of Planning Commission Decision. Following the date of its decision, the Planning Commission shall transmit a report of its recommendation to the City Council. The report shall recite, among other things, the facts and reasons which, in the opinion of the Commission, make the approval or denial of the Amendment necessary to carry out the provisions and general purposes of this Title. A copy of the report shall be mailed to the applicant, agent, or both, at the address(es) shown on the application filed with the Secretary of the Planning Commission. A copy of the report shall also be filed with the City Clerk, acting as agent for the City Council.

G. Burden of Proof

The applicant bears the burden of proof to establish that the approval of a General Plan Amendment is warranted.

H. City Council Public Hearing and Action

{*Ord* 6088 – 04/21/10}

1. Notice and Hearing. Subject to the provisions of Section 19.18.030(C)(7), the City Council shall consider a proposed General Plan Amendment and the recommendation of the Planning Commission thereon at the next available meeting following the receipt of the recommendation. The City Clerk shall mail written notice of the Council hearing, at least ten days before the hearing, to the property owners who were notified by mail of the Planning Commission hearing, or to the current owners of record in the case of properties whose ownership has changed in the interim.

{Ord 5792 - 10/05/05} {Ord 5995 - 08/06/08}

2. City Council Action

- **a. Decision.** The City Council may approve or deny a proposed General Plan Amendment. In making a decision to approve the proposed General Plan Amendment, the City Council shall consider the recommendation of the Planning Commission and the facts presented at the public hearing. The City Council may consider:
 - **i.** The approval of more restrictive land use category than that set forth in the application; or
 - **ii.** The amendment of fewer than all parcels described in the application to either the land use category requested in the application or a more restrictive land use category, but only if such parcels are distinct legal parcels.
- **b.** Change to More Restrictive Category. If at the Council hearing, the applicant proposes amending the application to a more restrictive land use category, the City Council has the option to refer the application back to the Planning Commission for consideration.
- c. Significant Changes. If the applicant proposes significant changes to the application during the hearing or if new information is presented that significantly changes the nature and scope of the application, the request should be referred back to the Planning Commission for consideration.

3. Notice of City Council Decision. Following the hearing on a proposed General Plan Amendment, the City Council shall reach a decision concerning the proposal. The decision shall include reasons for the decision. Written notice of the decision shall be provided to the applicant, agent or both. A copy of the notice shall also be filed with the City Clerk, and the date of the notice shall be deemed to be the date that notice of the decision is filed with the City Clerk.

I. General Plan Amendment - Determinations

In order to approve a proposed General Plan Amendment, the Planning Commission and City Council must determine that:

- **1.** The density and intensity of the proposed General Plan Amendment is compatible with the existing adjacent land use designations;
- 2. The zoning designations allowed by the proposed amendment will be compatible with the existing adjacent land uses or zoning districts;
- **3.** There are adequate transportation, recreation, utility, and other facilities to accommodate the uses and densities permitted by the proposed General Plan designation; and
- **4.** The proposed amendment conforms to other applicable adopted plans and policies.

J. Certain Minor Amendments

{Ord 5809 - 01/18/06}

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, the City Council, upon appropriate noticing and public hearing, may amend the General Plan, or any part thereof, without action by the Planning Commission and without limitation as to frequency, in order to:

- 1. Change a boundary that is based on a geographical feature, including, without limitation, topography, slops, hydrographic features, wetland delineation and floodplains, when evidence is produced that the mapped location of the geographical feature is in error;
- 2. Reflect the alteration of the name of a jurisdiction, agency, department or district by the governing body, governing board or other governing authority of the jurisdiction, agency, department or district, as applicable, or by another entity authorized by law to make such alteration; or
- **3.** Update statistical information that is based on a new or revised study.

19.18.040 REZONING

A. Purpose

The purpose of this subchapter is to set forth the procedures by which the Planning Commission and City Council will periodically review and amend the Official Zoning Map Atlas of the City to ensure that it meets the goals and objectives of the General Plan and related land use policies and plans.

B. Authority

Whenever public necessity, safety and general welfare may require, the City Council may, upon recommendation by the Planning Commission, rezone any parcel or area of land within the City from one zoning district to another when the rezoning will conform to the General Plan and the requirements of Section K of this subchapter.

C. Minimum Site Requirements

{*Ord* 6095 – 06/02/10}

Property which is proposed to be rezoned to the following zoning districts must meet the minimum criteria denoted below in order to be considered for rezoning:

- 1. **R-CL District.** Rezoning parcel must be an infill parcel which has a maximum site area of three acres, is surrounded by existing R-CL development and does not lend itself to R-PD development.
- **2. R-MHP District.** Minimum site area of five acres.
- **3. P-C District.** Minimum site area of three thousand acres.
- **4. C-PB District.** Minimum site area of twenty acres.
- **5. PD District.** Minimum site area of five acres.

D. Application - General

{*Ord* 6095 – 06/02/10}

- 1. Application Form. An application to rezone property shall be on a form provided by the Department of Planning and Development. The application shall be signed, notarized and acknowledged by the owner of record of each parcel of property. The application shall be filed with the Secretary of the Planning Commission at the office of the Department of Planning and Development.
- **2. Initiation of Application.** An application for a rezoning may be initiated by the Department, the Planning Commission or by the City Council, or by means of an application filed by the owner(s) of record of each parcel of property proposed for rezoning.

3. Other Governmental Ownership.

- **a) Application Requirements.** With respect to property which is owned by the State of Nevada or the United States of America, a rezoning application is sufficient if it is signed and acknowledged by a prospective purchaser of that property who has:
- **i.** Entered into a contract with the governmental entity to obtain ownership of the property;
- **ii.** Provided to the Department a letter from the governmental entity indicating that it consents to the filing of the application and agrees to be bound by the application; or

iii. Provided to the Department a letter from the governmental entity indicating that it has no objection to the filing of the application.

- b) Effect of Letter of No Objection. In the case of an application that is supported by a letter of no objection under Subparagraph (a)(iii) of this Paragraph (4), the applicant shall acknowledge in writing, by means of a form provided by the Department or in a form acceptable to the City Attorney, that:
- i. The processing of the application is done as an accommodation only;
- ii. The application, the results thereof, and any entitlements related thereto are dependent upon the applicant's obtaining an enforceable contractual interest in the property; and
- **iii.** The applicant assumes the risk of proceeding without any assurance that approval of the application will lead to an ability to implement the approval.
- **4. Non-Property Owner.** A rezoning application is sufficient if it is signed and acknowledged by a lessee, a contract purchaser or an optionee of the property for which the rezoning is sought. However, interest in that property must exist in a written agreement with the owner of record, attached to which is a copy of the rezoning application and in which the owner of record has authorized the lessee, contract purchaser or optionee to sign the application. The agreement must further stipulate that the owner of record consents to the filing and processing of the application and agrees to be bound by the requested rezoning.
- **5. Multiple Ownership.** In the case of multiple ownership of a parcel, only one of the owners of record shall be required to sign the application. A list of all other owners shall be provided with the application.
- **6. Contiguous Land.** Except with respect to rezoning applications initiated by the Department, the Planning Commission or the City Council, all of the land in the application shall be contiguous with at least one common point.

E. Application - Specific Requirements

- 1. **Pre-Application Conference.** Before submitting an application to rezone, the owner or authorized representative shall engage in a pre-application conference with the staff of the Department of Planning and Development to discuss preliminary land planning, including land use relationships, density, transportation systems, infrastructure facilities and landscaping and open space provisions.
- 2. **R-PD District.** In connection with the pre-application conference, the owner or authorized representative shall submit a concept site development plan, which is subject to design review and approval by the Director to ensure compliance with this zoning classification. A site plan that conforms to the requirements of the design review and Subchapter 19.18.050 shall be submitted concurrently with any application for rezoning to an R-PD District.
- **3. PD District.** A site development plan or concept plan, as required by Subchapters 19.06.050, shall be submitted concurrently with any application for rezoning to a PD District.

March 1997 Page - 15 -

4. P-C District. A concept plan and other documentation specified in Section 19.06.030(E) shall be submitted concurrently with any application for rezoning to a P-C District.

F. Successive Applications

- 1. Previously Denied Applications. An application to rezone a parcel in which all or any part was the subject of a previous application for rezoning to the same zoning classification, to a less restrictive classification or for the same use or one of a similar density which has been denied or which has been withdrawn subsequent to the noticing of a public hearing shall not be accepted until the following periods have elapsed between the date of the denial or withdrawal and the date of the meeting for which the proposed application would be scheduled in the ordinary course:
 - **a.** After the first denial or withdrawal one year.
 - **b.** After the second or a subsequent denial or withdrawal two years.
- 2. Previously Withdrawn Applications. An application for a Rezoning concerning all or any part of a previous application for a Special Use Permit or a Variance for the same use, a similar use or a less restrictive use which has been denied or which has been withdrawn subsequent to the noticing of a public hearing shall not be accepted until the time periods described in Subsection 1, above, have elapsed.
- 3. Applications Withdrawn Without Prejudice. The time periods described in Subsections 1 and 2 above, and that otherwise would become effective because of the withdrawal of an application, shall not become effective if, after consideration of the timing and circumstances of the withdrawal, the Planning Commission or the City Council specifically approves the withdrawal without prejudice.

G. Request for Abevance

Any applicant who wishes to have an application held in abeyance following the notice and posting of the agenda of the Planning Commission or the City Council shall state good cause for the request. Good cause shall be more than mere inconvenience to the applicant or lack of preparation.

H. Planning Commission Public Hearing and Action

{Ord 5792 - 10/05/05} {Ord 6088 - 04/21/10} {Ord 6095 - 06/02/10}

1. Hearing. The Planning Commission shall hold a public hearing when considering any application for rezoning of property.

2. Notice

- **a. Notice Provided.** Notice of the time, place and purpose of the hearing must be given at least 10 days before the hearing by:
 - 1) Publishing the notice in a newspaper of general circulation within the City;
 - 2) Mailing a copy of the notice to:

- A) The applicant;
- **B)** Each owner of real property located within a minimum of one thousand feet of the property described in the application;
- C) Each tenant of any mobile home park that is located within on thousand feet of the property described in the application;
- **D**) The owner of each of the thirty separately-owned parcels nearest to the property described in the application to the extent this notice does not duplicate the notice otherwise required by this Paragraph 2;
- E) Any advisory board which has been established for the affected area by the City Council; and
- **F)** The president or head of any registered local neighborhood organization whose organization boundaries are located within a minimum of one mile of the property described in the application.
- **b.** Names Provided. The Department shall provide, at the request of the applicant, the name, and address of any person notified pursuant to Subparagraph (F) above.
- **c. Additional Notice.** The Department may give additional notice of the hearing by expanding the area of notification or using other means of notification or both. The Department shall endeavor to provide any additional notice at least 10 days before the date of the hearing.
- **d. Signs.** Notification signs shall be posted in conformance with Section 19.18.010 (D).

3. Planning Commission Decision

{Ord 6088 – 04/21/10}

Following the public hearing or hearings, the Planning Commission shall make its recommendations concerning the application for rezoning. The recommendation may be for approval or denial. In considering whether to recommend approval or denial of an application, the Planning Commission may, when it appears necessary or expedient, consider recommending:

- **a.** The approval of a more restrictive zoning classification than that set forth in the application; or
- **b.** That fewer than all parcels described in the application be rezoned to either the zoning classification requested in the application or a more restrictive classification, but only if such parcels are distinct legal parcels.

4. Notice of Planning Commission Decision

Following the date of the Planning Commission decision, a report of its findings and decision shall be forwarded to the City Council. The report shall recite, among other things, the facts and reasons which, in the opinion of the Commission, make the approval or the denial of the rezoning necessary or appropriate to carry out the provisions and general purposes of this Title. Written notice of the decision shall be provided to the applicant, agent, or both.

March 1997 Page - 17 -

I. Burden of Proof

The applicant bears the burden of proof to establish that the approval of the rezoning is warranted.

J. City Council Public Hearing and Action

{Ord 5995 - 08/06/08} {Ord 6088 - 04/21/10}

1. Notice and Hearing. The City Council shall consider the proposed rezoning and the recommendation of the Planning Commission at the next available meeting following the receipt of the recommendation. The City Clerk shall mail written notice of the Council hearing, at least ten days before the hearing, to the property owners who were notified by mail of the Planning Commission hearing, or to the current owners of record in the case of properties whose ownership has changed in the interim.

2. City Council Decision

- **a. Decision.** The City Council may approve or deny an application for a rezoning. In considering whether to approve or deny an application, the City Council may consider:
 - **i.** The rezoning of the property to a more restrictive zoning classified than that set forth in the application; or
 - **ii.** The rezoning of fewer than all parcels described in the application to either the zoning classification requested in the application or a more restrictive classification, but only if such parcels are distinct legal parcels.
- **b.** Change to More Restrictive Zoning. If, at the public hearing, the applicant proposes amending the rezoning application to a more restrictive zoning classification, the City Council may act on the request or refer the application back to the Planning Commission for consideration.
- **c. Significant Changes to Application.** If the applicant proposes significant changes to the application during the hearing, or if new information is presented that significantly changes the nature and scope of the application, the request should be referred back to the Planning Commission for consideration.
- **3. Notice of City Council Decision.** Following the hearing on a proposed rezoning, the City Council shall reach a decision concerning the proposal. The decision shall include the reasons for the decision. Written notice of the decision shall be provided to the applicant or his agent, or both. A copy of the notice shall also be filed with the City Clerk, and the date of the notice shall be deemed to be the date that notice of the decision is filed with the City Clerk.

K. Rezoning Determinations—Approval

In order to approve a proposed rezoning, the Planning Commission or City Council must determine that:

- 1. The proposal conforms to the General Plan.
- 2. The uses which would be allowed on the subject property by approving the rezoning will be compatible with the surrounding land uses and zoning districts.
- **3.** Growth and development factors in the community indicate the need for or appropriateness of the rezoning.
- **4.** Street or highway facilities providing access to the property are or will be adequate in size to meet the requirements of the proposed zoning district.

L. Rezoning Determinations—Denial or Limited Approval

In order to: (1) Deny a proposed rezoning which conforms to the General Plan as to use or is within the range of density allowable under the General Plan; or (2) Over the applicant's objection, approve the application for a lesser density or for a more restrictive zoning classification than requested, the Planning Commission or City Council must determine that the proposed rezoning is inconsistent with other elements of the General Plan or is incompatible with the surrounding development in the area.

M. Site Development Plan

The Planning Commission and the City Council may, as a part of an approval motion, reserve the right to review any subsequent Site Development Plan for the site.

N. Authorization to Proceed

Approval of a rezoning application by the City Council constitutes a declaration of intent to amend the Official Zoning Map Atlas of the City to reflect the zoning district approved for the property. Such approval authorizes the applicant to proceed with the process to develop and/or use the property in accordance with the development and design standards and procedures of all City departments and in conformance with all requirements and provisions of the City of Las Vegas Municipal Code.

O. Procedures Governing Rezoning Approvals Granted Before July 1, 2007

- 1. Resolution of Intent. Before the City Council adopts an ordinance to effectuate a rezoning, the Council may adopt a Resolution of Intent to reflect the Council's approval of the rezoning. Such a Resolution of Intent is binding upon the City Council in accordance with its terms and shall have a time limit not to exceed two years.
- **2. Finalizing Rezoning by Ordinance.** The final step in the rezoning process, whether or not rezoning approval is by means of a Resolution of Intent, is the adoption of a rezoning ordinance in which the zoning classification of one or more parcels is formalized.

March 1997 Page - 19 -

3. Changes. No substantial change may be made to a development or to the rezoning approval which authorized that development without the approval of the City Council. This approval requirement applies to the rezoned parcel both before and after the adoption of an ordinance rezoning that parcel.

4. Termination of Rezoning Approvals Subject to a Resolution of Intent

- a. Approvals Not Subject to Time Limit. If development does not occur in a timely manner or if conditions in the area change subsequent to the original approval of a rezoning that is not subject to a time limit, the City Council may schedule a hearing to reconsider the Resolution of Intent. At such time, the Council may rescind the Resolution of Intent or may change the conditions of approval. In addition, if such a rezoning approval no longer conforms to the use and density classification of the General Plan, the City may notify the property owner that the rezoning must be exercised within one year. Thereafter, the approval shall be treated as an approval subject to a time limit in accordance with Subparagraph (b) below.
- **b.** Approvals Subject to Time Limit. Except as otherwise provided in Paragraph (5) below, a rezoning approval which is not exercised within the time limit established for or by the Resolution of Intent shall be void.
- **c.** Methods for Exercising Rezoning Approvals. For purposes of this Paragraph (4), a rezoning approval is exercised as follows:
 - 1) For applications that require the creation of a residential subdivision, upon the recordation of a final subdivision map;
 - 2) For applications that require the construction of one or more new structures, but do not require the creation of a residential subdivision map, upon the issuance of a building permit for the new construction;
- 3) For all other applications, upon the issuance of a certification of occupancy or approval of a final inspection, whichever is applicable. {Ord. 5891 02/17/07}
- **5.** Extension of Time-General Requirements. If the approval of a Resolution of Intent is subject to a time limit, the approval expires at the end of that time limit unless the City Council extends the approval period. Extension of an approval period may be granted only if:
 - **a.** Application therefore is made prior to the expiration of the time limit;
 - **b.** The applicant demonstrates good cause; and
 - **c.** The applicant conforms to the additional requirements set forth in Paragraph 6 below.

6. Extensions of Time-Additional Requirements. If a time-limited zoning approval that is sought to be extended continues to conform to the use and density classifications of the General Plan, the applicant must demonstrate that the rezoning remains consistent with the surrounding area and the pattern of development in the area. If the rezoning sought to be extended no longer conforms to the use and density classifications of the General Plan, the extension of time, if granted, shall be limited to a one-year period. If, within that period, the zoning approval is not exercised by means of the recordation of a final subdivision map or by the commencement of actual construction, the approval terminates.

P. Procedures Governing Rezoning Approvals Granted On or After July 1, 2007

The approval of a rezoning application shall be formalized by the subsequent adoption of an ordinance in which the rezoning of one or more parcels is reflected. No substantial change may be made to a development or to the rezoning approval which authorized that development without the approval of the City Council. [Ord. 5909 – 06/20/07]

Q. General Plan Amendment

If a proposed rezoning will not conform as to use or density, the application may not be approved unless the General Plan is amended first to accommodate the proposed rezoning. The applicant may submit an application to amend the General Plan and an application for rezoning at the same time, and the applications may be heard concurrently.

{*Ord.* 5909 – 06/20/07}

19.18.050 SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS

{*Ord* 6095 – 06/02/10}

A. Purpose

The purpose of the Site Development Plan review process is to ensure that each development:

- 1. Is consistent with the General Plan, this Title, the Design Standards Manual, the Landscape, Wall and Buffer Standards and other regulations, plans and policies of the City;
- 2. Contributes to the long term attractiveness of the City;
- **3.** Contributes to the economic vitality of the community by ensuring compatibility of development throughout the community; and
- **4.** Contributes to the public safety, health and general welfare.

B. Applicability

1. Site Development Plans Required. Except as otherwise provided in this Section (B), a Site Development Plan is required for all development in the City. {Ord 5581 – 03/19/03}

- **2. Exemptions.** Except where the City Council or Planning Commission has specifically reserved the right of review through a prior action, the following activities and improvements do not require a Site Development Plan Review:
 - **a.** Single-family or duplex dwelling units, except as provided in Paragraph (4) below;
 - **b.** Residential accessory buildings;
 - **c.** On-site signs, walls and fences;
 - **d.** Demolition of a structure;
 - e. Sculptures, fountains and other similar improvements;
 - **f.** Normal repairs and maintenance of an existing building or structure;
 - **g.** Activities and improvements undertaken in conjunction with a Temporary Commercial Permit: and
 - **h.** Alterations which do not affect the external dimensions of an existing building or structure, unless the alterations are made to change the use or type of occupancy within part or all of the altered building or structure.
- **3. Planned Developments.** All Site Development Plans for a PD (Planned Development) District shall conform to the approved Master Development Plan and Development Standards for that District. The processing and review of Site Development Plans shall be in accordance with Section 19.18.050(F).
- **4. Certain Conversions**. The conversion of any development from multi-family or apartment development to condominium status shall require a Site Development Plan Review. {Ord 6095 06/02/10}

C. Authority

{*Ord* 6095 – 06/02/10}

- 1) The Director shall have the authority to:
 - a) Determine whether an activity or improvement is exempt under Paragraph (2) of Subsection (B) of this Section;
 - **b**) Determine whether a Site Development Plan will be subject to a major review or a minor review under this Section; and
 - c) Approve or deny any Site Development Plan which requires a minor review; provided, however, that final approval authority shall rest with:
 - **i.** The Planning Commission, if the Commission specifically has reserved the right, through a prior action, to review and maintain approval authority of any Site Development Plan; or
 - **ii.** The City Council, if the Council specifically has reserved the right, through a prior action, to review and maintain approval authority of any Site Development Plan, or if a member of the City Council requests a review pursuant to this Section.
- 2) In approving a Site Development Plan, the Director, or if applicable, the Planning Commission or City Council, may impose conditions deemed necessary to ensure the orderly development of the site.

D. Design Standards

{Ord 6095 - 06/02/10}

All required Site Development Plans shall meet or exceed the minimum standards established in this Title. In addition, the City may adopt policy documents as a resource for acceptable standards and design solutions. To the extent that such documents establish minimum requirements and standards and are formally adopted by the City Council, Site Development Plans must comply with those documents.

E. Criteria for Review of Site Development Plans

The review of Site Development Plans is intended to ensure that:

- 1. The proposed development is compatible with adjacent development and development in the area;
- 2. The proposed development is consistent with the General Plan, this Title, the Design Standards Manual, the Landscape, Wall and Buffer Standards, and other duly-adopted city plans, policies and standards;
- 3. Site access and circulation do not negatively impact adjacent roadways or neighborhood traffic;
- **4.** Building and landscape materials are appropriate for the area and for the City;
- **5.** Building elevations, design characteristics and other architectural and aesthetic features are not unsightly, undesirable or obnoxious in appearance; create an orderly and aesthetically pleasing environment; and are harmonious and compatible with development in the area;
- **6.** Appropriate measures are taken to secure and protect the public health, safety and general welfare.

F. Minor Review of Site Development Plans

{*Ord* 6095 – 06/02/10}

- 1. Minor Review Decisions. Site Development Plans requiring Minor Reviews may be approved administratively by the Director. Minor Reviews include without limitation:
 - **a.** Alterations which affect the external dimensions of an existing building or structure that complies with all applicable requirements of this Title and with any previous conditions or discretionary approval.
 - **b.** New commercial or industrial construction of five thousand square feet or less that complies with all applicable requirements of this Title.
 - **c.** New residential construction consisting of no more than four dwelling units that complies with all applicable requirements of this Title and is not part of a sequential application for additional units.

- 2. Minor Review Process. A minor Development Review is initiated by the submission of a Site Development Plan Review application or an application for a Building Permit. If submitted as part of a Building Permit application, issuance of the Building Permit shall constitute approval of the Minor Review and no further action is required.
- **3. Review by City Council.** The administrative approval of a Site Development Plan pursuant to this Section (F) shall be final action unless, within 10 days following the approval, a member of the City Council files with the Director a written request for the Council to review the approval. In the event such a request is filed, the Site Development Plan shall be subject to the Major Development Review Process set forth in this Subsection (G) of this Section.

G. Major Review of Site Development Plans

- 1. Major Review. A Major Review of a Site Development Plan is required if:
 - **a.** The Planning Commission or City Council, through prior action, has determined that the proposed project or improvement shall be processed as a Major Review;
 - **b.** The proposed development contains a building which is four stories or greater in height; or
 - **c.** The Director determines that the proposed development could significantly impact the land uses on the site or on surrounding properties.

2. Major Review Process

{Ord 6095 - 06/02/10}

- **a. Application.** A pre-application conference pursuant to LVMC 19.18.010(B)(3) is required prior to submitting an application for a Major Development Review. A Site Development Plan requiring a Major Review may not be approved as part of a Building Permit Application. An application for a Major Development Review shall be filed with the Department. The application shall be signed and notarized:
 - **i.** By the owner of the property, where the development is to be undertaken by the owner or the owner's authorized agent; or
 - **ii.** By a prospective purchaser of the property, where the property is owned by the State of Nevada or the United States of America and the prospective purchaser has:
 - **A.** Entered into a contract with the governmental entity to obtain ownership of the property;
 - **B.** Provided to the Department a letter from the governmental entity indicating that it consents to the filing of the application and agrees to be bound by the application; or
 - **C.** Provided to the Department a letter from the governmental entity indicating that it has no obligation to the filing of the application.

In the case of an application that is supported by a letter of no objection under Subparagraph (a)(ii)(C) of this Paragraph (2), the applicant shall acknowledge in writing, by means of a form provided by the Department or in a form acceptable to the City Attorney, that the processing of the application is done as an accommodation only; that the application, the results thereof, and any entitlements related thereto are dependent upon the applicant's obtaining an enforceable contractual interest in the property; and that the applicant assumes the risk of proceeding without any assurance that approval of the application will lead to an ability to implement the approval.

b. Drawings and Plans Required. Plans describing the proposed development of the property shall be submitted as required by the Director. Complete working drawings are not necessary; however, proposed structures (including building elevations), streets, driveways and access points, sigh visibility restriction zones (as described in LVMC 18.12.210), on-site circulation and parking, walls, landscaping, building materials, dumpster locations and other improvements must be shown. Preliminary drawings must contain sufficient information to permit the determination of compliance with good planning practices, applicable standards and ordinances. Floor plans are not normally required. For any development site where 20% or more of the aggregate site has a slope of natural grade above 4%, a cross section must be submitted. Each cross section must extend a minimum of 100 feet beyond the limits of the project at each property line, showing the location and finish floor elevations of adjacent structures; the maximum grade differentials; and the elevations of existing and proposed conditions.

(*Ord.* 5934 – 09/19/07)

- **c. Circulation to Departments.** After an application has been determined complete, it shall be forwarded to interested City Departments for their respective comments, recommendations and requirements.
- **d.** Planning Commission Notice and Hearing. After interested City Departments have had the opportunity for comment and the Department of Planning and Development has conducted its review, each application for Major Review shall be presented to the Planning Commission. Notice of the time, place and purpose of the hearing must be given at least ten days before the hearing by:
 - 1) Publishing the notice in a newspaper of general circulation within the City;
 - 2) Mailing a copy of the notice to:
 - a) The applicant;
 - **b**) Each owner of real property located within a minimum of one thousand feet of the property described in the application;
 - **c)** Each tenant of any mobile home park that is located within one thousand feet of the property described in the application;
 - **d**) The owner of each of the thirty separately-owner parcels nearest to the property described in the application to the extent this notice does not duplicate the notice otherwise required by this Paragraph (d);

- e) Any advisory board which has been established for the affected area by the City Council; and
- f) The president or head of any registered local neighborhood organization whose organization boundaries are located within a minimum of one mile of the property described in the application.

{Ord 5995 - 08/06/08}

- **e. Planning Commission Decision.** In making its final decision, the Planning Commission shall consider the recommendation of the City Departments, the evidence presented at the hearing and the criteria set forth in Section (F) of this subchapter. The Planning Commission may approve, approve with conditions, or deny an application for a Major Development Review. All actions by the Planning Commission are final unless:
 - 1) An appeal is filed by the applicant in accordance with Paragraph (f) below;
 - 2) Otherwise required by prior action of the City Council; or
 - 3) In the case of Planning Commission approval, a member of the City Council files with the City Clerk, within 10 days following the approval, a written request for the Council to review the approval.
- f. Appeal of Planning Commission Action. If the applicant is aggrieved by the Planning Commission's denial of an application, or by any condition imposed upon an approval, the applicant may appeal the decision to the City Council by written request. In the case of an approval, an appeal may be filed by any property owner within the area of notification for the Planning Commission hearing, as well as by anyone who appeared, either in person, through an authorized representative or in writing, before the Planning Commission regarding the application. Any appeal must be filed in the office of the City Clerk within ten days after the Planning Commission's action. Pursuant to LVMC 19.18.010(C), the City Council may establish one or more fees to be paid in connection with the filing of an appeal under this Subparagraph (f), and the amount of any fee so established shall be as set in the Fee Schedule.

{Ord 6095 - 06/02/10}

g. City Council Notice and Hearing. All Major Development Reviews requiring review by the City Council shall be forwarded to the Office of the City Clerk and shall be placed on the next available City Council agenda for hearing. The City Clerk shall mail written notice of the Council hearing, at least ten days before the hearing, to the property owners who were notified by mail of the Planning Commission hearing, or to the current owners of record in case of properties whose ownership has changed in the interim.

{Ord 5995 - 08/06/08}

h. City Council Decision. In making its final decision, the City Council shall consider the recommendation of the City Departments and the Planning Commission, the evidence presented at the hearing and the criteria set forth in Section (F) of this subchapter. The City Council may approve, approve with conditions, or deny an application for a Major Development Review. All actions by the City Council are final. Written notice of the decision shall be provided to the applicant, agent or both. A copy of the notice shall also be filed with the City Clerk, and the date of the notice shall be deemed to be the date notice of the decision is filed with the City Clerk.

H. Amendment to an Approved Site Development Plan

{*Ord* 6095 – 06/02/10}

After a Site Development Plan has been approved, any request to amend the approved Plan shall be submitted to the Department of Planning and Development. Upon receipt of an amendment request, the Director shall determine if the amendment is a minor or major change.

- 1. Minor Amendment. Minor relocation or reorientation of buildings, lot lines and/or easements, relocation of internal access and circulation; relocation or rearrangement of parking areas, reduction of established square footage and/or density limitations, and increase of landscape or building setbacks are considered minor amendments and may be approved administratively. However, the Director has no authority to approve any:
 - **a.** Alteration in the basic relationship of the proposed development to adjacent property;
 - **b.** Change necessitating a waiver or variance of development standards set forth in this Title;
 - **c.** Increase in the maximum density, floor area, or height by more than 10 percent;
 - **d.** Material decrease in the amount of off-street parking, unless the amount of parking remains sufficient and conforms to the requirements of this Title;
 - **e.** Reduction in the minimum yards or setbacks by more than 10 percent;
 - **f.** Material change in the characteristics of the elevational drawings so as to alter the basic design quality and character of the proposed development; or
 - **g.** Other material change that is not necessitated by minimum requirements adopted under the authority of Title 16, LVMC Chapter 20.10, or the Uniform Standard Drawings, as adopted by the City.
- **2. Major Amendment.** Any amendment which does not quality as a Minor Amendment shall be deemed to be considered a Major Amendment and shall be processed in the same manner as a new Site Development Plan application.

I. Revocation or Modification

- 1. Notice. The authority responsible for the final approval of a Site Development Plan may hold a hearing to revoke or modify an approved Site Development Plan. In cases where the Director was the approval authority, the Director may issue a written notice of hearing concerning a possible revocation or modification of the Plan, or may refer the item to the Planning Commission. At least ten days prior to any hearing, written notice of the hearing shall be delivered to the owner, developer, or both. Notice may be delivered in person or by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the address shown in the records of the Clark County Assessor.
- **2. Grounds.** A Site Development Plan approval may be revoked or modified by the reviewing authority for cause, including a finding of one or more of the following:

March 1997 Page - 27 -

- **a.** That the Site Development Plan approval was obtained by misrepresentation or fraud;
- **b.** That the development is not in compliance with one or more of the conditions of approval;
- **c.** That the development is in violation of any State or local law, ordinance or regulation.
- **3. Notice of Decision.** Written notice of the decision shall be provided to the owner, developer or agent. A copy of the notice shall also be filed with the City Clerk, and the date of the notice shall be deemed to be the date notice of the decision is filed with the City Clerk.

J. Expiration

{Ord. 6041 - 06/03/09} {Ord 6095 - 06/02/10}

A Site Development Plan which is not exercised within the approval period shall be void, unless an extension of time is granted upon a showing of good cause. An extension of time may be granted only if application therefor is made prior to the expiration of the approval period. For purposes of this Subsection (J):

- 1. The "approval period" for a Site Development Plan is the time period specified in the approval, if one is specified, and is two years otherwise.
- 2. A Site Development Plan is exercised upon the issuance of a building permit for the principal structure on the site or, in the case of a residential subdivision, upon the recordation of a final subdivision map.

19.18.060 SPECIAL USE PERMIT

A. Purpose

The purpose of the subchapter is to establish a Special Use Permit process to ensure that a proposed use is conducted in a manner that is harmonious and compatible with uses located on the same or surrounding properties. The process recognizes that, within a given zoning district, certain uses may be appropriate and compatible in some locations but not in others. The Special Use Permit process allows a site-specific inquiry into the compatibility of a proposed use at a particular location, taking into account: the characteristics of the site and the surroundings; the relevant zoning and planning principles; and the input of the Planning Commission, City Council and other interested parties.

B. Authority

{Ord 6095 - 06/02/10}

Except as otherwise provided in this Subsection (B), the Planning Commission shall have the authority to approve, approve with conditions, or deny an application for a Special Use Permit, and the decision of the Planning Commission is final. If the decision of the Planning Commission is appealed or forwarded to the City Council in accordance with this Section 19.18.060, the City Council may affirm, modify or reverse the decision of the Planning Commission. The decision of the City Council is final for purposes of judicial review.

C. Application

A pre-application conference shall be required prior to the submittal of any application for a Special Use Permit. An application for a Special Use Permit shall be made on a form to be provided by the Department of Planning and Development. The application shall be filed with the Secretary of the Planning Commission at the office of the Department of Planning and Development. The application shall be signed, notarized and acknowledged by the record owner of the property for which the Special Use Permit is sought, provided however, that:

- 1. Other Governmental Ownership. With respect to property which is owned by the State of Nevada or the United States of America, a Special Use Permit application is sufficient if it is signed and acknowledged by a prospective purchaser of that property who has entered into a contract with the governmental entity to obtain ownership of the property;
- 2. Non-Owner Applicant. A Special Use Permit application is sufficient if it is signed and acknowledged by a lessee, a contract purchaser or an optionee of the property for which a Special Use Permit is sought. However, interest in that property must exist in a written agreement with the owner of record attached to which is a copy of the Special Use Permit application and, in which, the owner of record has authorized the lessee, contract purchaser or optionee to sign the application. The agreement must further stipulate that the owner of record consents to the filing and processing of the application and agrees to honor and be bound by the requested Special Use Permit if it is approved and by any conditions of approval attached thereto.
- **3. SUP for Gaming.** Applications for a Special Use Permit to allow gaming pursuant to the requirements of LVMC 6.40.140 (C) and LVMC 6.40.150 (E) may be signed and acknowledged by a lessee of the premises; provided however, that a lessee/applicant must provide copies of lease agreements to show that there are no prohibitions therein to conducting gaming operations on the leased premises. The application need only b accompanied by the applicable lease documents, the floor plan location of the slot machines and the requisite fee.

D. Successive Applications

- 1. **Previous SUP Application.** An application for a Special Use Permit, of which all or any part of a previous application for the same use, a similar use or a less restrictive use has been denied, or of which a previous application has been withdrawn subsequent to the noticing of a public hearing thereon, shall not be accepted until the following periods will have elapsed between the date of the denial or withdrawal and the date of the meeting for which the proposed application would be scheduled in the normal course:
 - **a.** After the first denial or any withdrawal after public notice has been given one year.
 - **b.** After the second or subsequent denial or withdrawal after public notice has been given two years.

- **2. Previous Similar Application.** An application for a Special Use Permit concerning all or any part of a previous application for a Variance or Rezoning for the same use, a similar use or a less restrictive use which has been denied, or concerning a previous application which has been withdrawn subsequent to the noticing of a public hearing, shall not be accepted until the periods described in Subsection 1 have elapsed.
- **3. Withdrawal Without Prejudice.** The time periods that are described in Subsections 1 and 2 above, and that otherwise would become effective because of the withdrawal of an application, shall not become effective if, after consideration of the timing and circumstances of the withdrawal, the Planning Commission or the City Council specifically approves the withdrawal without prejudice.

E. Required Drawings Plans and Other Submittals

- 1. General. A Site Development Plan and a floor plan of the site which is the subject of the Special Use Permit application shall be submitted concurrently with any application for a Special Use Permit. Guidelines for the preparation of the site plan, floor plans and building elevations are available in the Department of Planning and Development. Complete working drawings are not necessary; however, proposed improvements, streets, landscape areas and similar items must be shown. Preliminary drawings must contain sufficient information to permit the determination of compliance with good planning practices, applicable standards and ordinances.
- 2. Non-stealth Design Wireless Communication Facility. In addition to the information required by Subsection (1) of this Section, the applicant for a Special Use Permit for a non-stealth design wireless communication facility shall provide the Department with the following:
 - **a.** An inventory of all of the communication providers (or antenna tower owners if the providers are not yet known) for existing antenna towers that are within the City and within 1500 feet of the border thereof, including specific information about the location, height and design of each such tower. This information is required with the first Special Use Permit application, but may be waived (in conjunction with subsequent applications) at the discretion of the Director if the applicant provides a written statement indicating that no new antenna towers have been constructed since the initial application.
 - **b.** A map of all existing communication towers, buildings, utility poles or other structures over 60 feet in height within 1000 feet of the proposed tower; and
 - **c.** A photo simulation which identifies the potential visual impacts of the antenna tower, especially from public areas and residences. This requirement may be waived if the Director determines that the visual impacts would be minimal.
 - **d.** Assurance that the antenna planned for the proposed antenna tower cannot be accommodated as a stealth design wireless communication facility, or on an existing or approved tower, building or other structure within 1000 feet of the proposed location based on the communications grid established or to be established by the communication provider(s). Reasons which may support a finding that a proposed antenna cannot be accommodated as a stealth design wireless communication facility, or on an existing or approved tower, building or other structure include:

> 1) That the Director has determined that co-location on an existing or approved tower, building or other structure would be unsightly;

- 2) That the owner of the existing tower, building or structure is unwilling to agree to colocation or to provide adequate space on the property for the equipment necessary to support communication antennas;
- 3) That the structural capacity for the antenna on the existing tower, building or other structure would be inadequate;
- 4) That the new antenna would interfere with existing or other planned equipment on the existing or approved tower, building or other structure;
- 5) That the existing or approved towers, buildings or other structures in the area are not high enough support the antenna; and
- 6) That it is commercially impracticable or technically unfeasible to locate on the existing tower, building or other structure for other reasons. To substantiate these reasons, the applicant shall submit satisfactory written evidence such as correspondence, agreements, contracts, etc., that alternative towers, buildings or other structures are not available for use in the area where the antenna is to be located.
- e. In the case of the proposed tower greater than 60 feet in height, a description of the applicant's efforts to design for and accommodate facilities for other communication providers.
- 3. Amphitheater. In addition to the information required by Subsection (1) of this Section, the applicant for a Special Use Permit for an amphitheater shall provide the Department with the following:

{Ord 5789 – 09/21/05}

- **a.** A sound study that addresses how noise levels will be attenuated so as not to exceed the ambient noise levels adjacent to and beyond the subject site.
- **b.** An engineering and traffic study that addresses, as applicable, each of the following elements as they pertain to traffic movement and to stopping, standing and parking restrictions:
 - i. Accident analysis.
 - ii. Capacity analysis.
 - iii. Geometric review, including roadway width.
 - iv. Parking measurements, including parking angle and parking maneuvering area.
 - v. Pedestrian volume within parking and maneuvering area.
 - vi. Sight distance, including corner sight distance.
 - vii. Speed data, including speed limit.
 - viii. Traffic volumes, including peak-hour volume.

F. Request for Abeyance

Any applicant who wishes to have an application held in abeyance following the notice and posting of the agenda of the Planning Commission or the City Council shall state good cause for the request. Good cause shall be more than mere inconvenience to the applicant or lack of preparation.

G. Planning Commission Public Hearing and Action

{*Ord* 5792 – 10/05/05} {*Ord* 6095 – 06/02/10}

1. Hearing. The Planning Commission shall hold a public hearing on each application for a Special Use Permit within 65 days after the application is properly filed.

2. Notice

- **a. Notice Provided.** Notice of the time, place and purpose of the hearing must be given at least 10 days before the hearing by:
 - 1) Publishing the notice in a newspaper of general circulation within the City;
 - 2) Mailing a copy of the notice to:
 - A) The applicant;
 - **B)** Each owner of real property located within a minimum of one thousand feet of the property described in the application, or in the case of an application to authorize the sale of alcoholic beverages, a minimum of one thousand five hundred (1500) feet;
 - C) Each tenant of any mobile home park that is located within one thousand feet of the property described in the application, or in the case of an application to authorize the sale of alcoholic beverages, a minimum of one thousand five hundred (1500) feet;
 - **D**) The owner of each of the thirty separately-owned parcels nearest to the property described in the application to the extent this notice does not duplicate the notice otherwise required by this Paragraph 2;
 - **E)** Any advisory board which has been established for the affected area by the City Council: and
 - **F)** The president or head of any registered local neighborhood organization whose organization boundaries are located within a minimum of one mile of the property described in the application.
- **b.** Names Provided. The Department shall provide at the request of the applicant, the name and address of any person notified pursuant to Subparagraph (F) above.

c. Additional Notice. The Department may give additional notice of the hearing by expanding the area of notification or using other means of notification or both. The Department shall endeavor to provide any additional notice at least ten days before the date of the hearing.

- **d. Signs.** Notification signs shall be posted in conformance with 19.18.010 (D) and NRS Chapter 278.
- 3. Hearing. The Planning Commission shall conduct a public hearing on the application. In its discretion and for good cause, the Planning Commission may hold the application in abeyance for further study. However, subject to the provisions of State law, the Commission may not grant to an applicant more than two continuances on the same matter, unless the Commission determines, upon good cause shown, that the granting of additional continuances is warranted. Following the hearing or hearings, the Planning Commission shall approve, approve with conditions, or deny the application for a Special Use Permit. The decision shall be based upon the recommendation of City departments and other evidence that makes the grant or denial of the Special Use Permit appropriate under Subsection (L) of this Section.
- **4. Conditions of Approval.** In connection with the approval of a Special Use Permit, the Planning Commission may impose any conditions, restrictions or limitations as the Commission may determine to be necessary to meet to the general purpose and intent of this Title and to ensure that the public health, safety and welfare are being maintained.
- **5. Notice of Planning Commission Decision.** The Planning Commission shall provide written notice of its decision, which shall include the reason for the decision, and if the decision is to approve the Special Use Permit, any modifications, conditions or limitations that the Planning Commission may impose. The notice shall be provided to the owner, developer or agent. A copy of the notice shall also be filed with the City Clerk, and the date of the notice shall be deemed to be the date notice of the decision is filed with the City Clerk.

H. Precedents

The fact that a Special Use Permit for the same or similar use has been granted previously for the subject property or nearby property is a factor to be considered, but is not determinative.

I. Burden of Proof

The applicant bears the burden of proof to establish that the approval of a Special Use Permit is warranted.

J. Appeals and City Council Review

{Ord 5792 - 10/05/05} {Ord 6095 - 06/02/10}

1. Appeals and Requests for Review. Except as otherwise provided in Paragraph (2) below, a decision by the Planning Commission becomes final and effective at the expiration of ten days after the date of the decision unless, within that period, a written appeal or written request to review is filed in the office of the City Clerk. An appeal may be filed by the applicant and, with respect to an approval, by any property owner within the area of notification for the Planning Commission hearing, as well as by anyone who appeared, either

in person, through an authorized representative or in writing, before the Planning Commission regarding the application. Pursuant to LVMC 19.18.010(C), the City Council may establish one or more fees to be paid in connection with the filing of an appeal under this Subparagraph (f), and the amount of any fee so established shall be as set forth in the Fee Schedule. A request to review may be filed by a member of the City Council.

- **2. Applications Automatically Forwarded to City Council.** Special Use Permit applications of the following types, whether approved or denied by the Planning Commission, shall be forwarded automatically to the City Council for final decision.
 - a) A Special Use Permit application that is required to be heard by the City Council by virtue of prior Council action;
 - **b)** A Special Use Permit application that is related to and was filed in connection with an application for any of the following:
 - i. A General Plan Amendment;
 - ii. A Rezoning; or
 - **iii.** A Site Development Plan Review that, pursuant to Section 19.18.050(G), requires final action by the City Council.

K. City Council Public Hearing

{Ord 5792 - 10/05/05} {Ord 6095 - 06/02/10}

1. Notice and Hearing. The City Council shall conduct a public hearing on all Special Use Permit applications which are appealed or are forwarded to the Council for final action. The City Clerk is authorized to consolidate all appeals or requests for review that have been filed regarding a particular application, or to schedule them in sequence or otherwise, in which case the City Council may hear the items separately or consolidate them for purposes of hearing, as the Council deems appropriate. The City Clerk shall mail written notice of the Council hearing, at least ten days before the hearing, to the property owners who were notified by mail of the Planning Commission hearing, or to the current owners of record in case of properties whose ownership has changed in the interim.

{Ord 5995 - 08/06/08}

- 2. City Council Decision. In considering whether to affirm, modify or reverse the decision of the Planning Commission, the City Council shall consider the decision of the Planning Commission and the evidence presented at the public hearing, and shall be guided by the statement of purpose underlying the regulation of the improvement of land expressed in NRS 278.020. Action by the City Council is final for purposes of judicial review. In the case of an appeal, the City Council:
 - **a.** May not grant to an aggrieved person more than two continuances on the same matter, unless the Council determines, upon good cause shown, that the granting of additional continuances is warranted; and
 - **b.** Must render its decision within forty-five days, unless otherwise agreed to by the person filing the appeal.

3. Notice of City Council Decision. The City Council shall provide written notice of its decision, which shall include the reasons for the decision and if the decision is to approve the Special Use Permit, any modifications, conditions or limitations that the City Council may impose. The notice shall be provided to the owner, developer or agent. A copy of the notice shall also be filed with the City Clerk, and the date of the notice shall be deemed to be the date notice of the decision is filed with the City Clerk.

L. Special Use Permit - Determinations

- 1. In order to approve a proposed Special Use Permit application, the Planning Commission or City Council must determine that:
 - **a.** The proposed use can be conducted in a manner that is harmonious and compatible with existing surrounding land uses, and with future surrounding land uses as projected by the General Plan;
 - **b.** The subject site is physically suitable for the type and intensity of land use being proposed;
 - **c.** Street or highway facilities providing access to the property are or will be adequate in size to meet the requirements of the proposed use; and
 - **d.** Approval of the Special Use Permit at the site in question will not be inconsistent with or compromise the public health, safety and welfare or the overall objectives of the General Plan.
- 2. In order to approve a Special Use Permit application for a non-stealth design wireless communication facility, the Planning Commission or City Council must determine, based upon satisfactory evidence, that:
 - **a.** Within an area designated as a Historic Preservation District, the proposed facility has first been reviewed by the Historic Preservation Commission.
 - **b.** The antenna planned for the proposed facility cannot be accommodated as part of a stealth design communication facility, or on an existing or approved tower, building or other structure, within 1000 feet of the proposed location based on the communications grid established or to be established by the communication provider. Reasons which may support such a determination include:
 - 1) That the co-location on an existing or approved tower, building or other structure would be unsightly;
 - 2) That the owner of the existing tower, building or structure is unwilling to agree to co-location or to provide adequate space on the property for the equipment necessary to support communication antennas;
 - 3) That the structural capacity for the antenna on the existing tower, building or other structure would be inadequate;
 - 4) That the new antenna would interfere with existing or other planned equipment on the existing or approved tower, building or other structure;

- 5) That the existing or approved towers, buildings or other structures in the area are not high enough to support the antenna; and
- **6)** That it is commercially impracticable or technically unfeasible to locate on the existing tower, building or other structure for other reasons.
- **c.** In the case of a proposed tower greater than 60 feet in height, the applicant has made satisfactory efforts to design for an accommodate facilities for other communication providers.

M. Amendments to an Approved Special Use Permit

{*Ord* 6095 – 06/02/10}

Any request to amend or modify an approved Special Use Permit shall be submitted to the Department. Upon receipt of such a request, the Director shall determine if the request constitutes a minor amendment or a major amendment. Minor amendments may be approved administratively. A major amendment requires approval by the Planning Commission or City Council, whichever body took final action to approve the Special Use Permit. Minor and major amendments are categorized as follows:

- 1. **Minor Amendment.** An amendment qualifies as a minor amendment if it meets either of the following criteria and does not require the waiver of any minimum Special Use Permit requirement or the increase or expansion of such a waiver that was allowed previously:
 - a) A reduction or expansion of the use allowed by the Special Use Permit that represents less than fifty percent of the square footage of the original approval.
 - **b)** A relocation of the use on the same legal parcel as the original approval where any reduction or expansion of the use qualifies under Subparagraph (a) above.
- **2. Major Amendment.** A major amendment includes any change which does not qualify as a minor amendment.

N. Premature Use of Property

The issuance of a building permit or business license for a use that requires a Special Use Permit, before Special Use Permit is approved, does not replace or otherwise affect the Special Use Permit requirement.

O. Revocation

{Ord 6095 - 06/02/10}

1. Notice. A Special Use Permit may be revoked or modified by the Planning Commission or the City Council, whichever body took final action to approve the Special Use Permit. Such action must be preceded by a hearing, written notice of which must be delivered to the owner, developer, or both, at least ten days before the hearing. Notice may be delivered in person or by certified mail, return receipt requested, mailed to the address shown in the records of the Clark County Assessor.

2. Findings. A Special Use Permit may be revoked or modified for cause, including a finding of one or more of the following:

- **a.** That the Special Use Permit was obtained by misrepresentation or fraud;
- **b.** That conditions have changed and the use or development is no longer compatible with surrounding land uses or the General Plan;
- **c.** That the use or development is not in compliance with one or more of the conditions of approval;
- **d.** That the use permitted by the Special Use Permit is in violation of any statute, ordinance, law or regulation.
- **3. Notice of Decision.** Written notice of a decision regarding the revocation or modification of a Special Use Permit shall be provided to the owner, developer or agent.
- **4. Appeal.** In the case of a decision by the Planning Commission to revoke or modify a Special Use Permit that was approved as final action by the Commission, the appeal provisions of Subsections (J) and (K) of this Section shall apply.

P. Termination

{*Ord* 6095 – 06/02/10}

1. Expiration for Failure to Exercise

{Ord. 6041 – 06/03/09}

- **a.** A Special Use Permit which cannot be exercised except upon construction of a new building, and which is not exercised within the approval period, shall be void, unless the applicant obtains an extension of time upon a showing of good cause. Application for an extension shall be made to the Planning Commission or City Council, whichever body took final action to approve the Special Use Permit. An extension of time may be granted only if application therefor is made prior to the expiration of the approval period. For purposes of the Subparagraph (a):
 - i. The "approval period" for a Special Use Permit is the time period specified in the approval, if one is specified, and is two years otherwise.
 - **ii.** A Special Use Permit is exercised upon the issuance of a building permit for the new construction.
- **b.** A Special Use Permit which does not require the construction of a new building in order to be exercised, and which is not exercised within the approval period shall be void, unless the applicant obtains an extension of time upon a showing of good cause. Application for an extension shall be made to the Planning Commission or City Council, whichever body took final action to approve the Special Use Permit. An extension of time may be granted only if application therefor is made prior to the expiration of the approval period. For purposes of the Subparagraph (b):
 - i. The "approval period" for a Special Use Permit is the time period specified in the approval, if one is specified, and is two years, otherwise.

March 1997 Page - 37 -

ii. A Special Use Permit is exercised upon the approval of a business license to conduct the activity, if one is required, or otherwise, upon the issuance of a no-work certificate of occupancy (where no structural work is required) or the approval of a final inspection for tenant improvements.

2. Cessation of Use. A Special Use Permit shall be void without further action if:

- **a.** The Special Use Permit was issued for alcoholic beverage use and such use ceases for one hundred and eighty days or more, or twenty-four months or more if the building in which the use was being conducted has been damaged or partially destroyed by fire, flood, wind, another calamity or an act of God; or
- **b.** The Special Use Permit was issued for a use other than alcoholic beverage use and such use ceases for twelve months or more, or twenty-four months or more if the building in which the use was being conducted has been damaged or partially destroyed by fire, flood, wind, another calamity or an act of God.

{Ord 5945 – 11/07/07}

19.18.070 VARIANCE

A. Purpose

The purpose of this subchapter is to establish a procedure to allow for an adjustment of certain specific requirements of this Title, as permitted by State law. {Ord 5729 – 10/06/04}

B. Scope and Limitations

Pursuant to NRS Chapter 278 and this subchapter, the Planning Commission and the City Council have the authority to act upon Variance applications as set forth in this subchapter and as they deem appropriate. Variance applications shall initially be heard by the Planning Commission. Where a Variance application is proposed in connection with another application to be heard by the Planning Commission, including an application for Special Use Permit, an application for Rezoning, or an Application for Site Development Plan Review, the Variance application shall be considered by the Planning Commission, as a separate application, in conjunction with the associated application. A Variance:

- 1. Is not available to permit a use in a zoning district in which the use is not allowed, or to vary any minimum spacing requirement between uses: and
- **2.** Shall not be granted in order to relieve a hardship which is solely personal, self-created or financial in nature.

{Ord 5729 - 10/06/04}

C. Application

An application for a Variance shall be made on a form provided by the Department of Planning and Development. This application shall be filed at the office of the Department of Planning and Development. The application shall be signed, notarized and acknowledged by the owner of record of the property for which the Variance is sought; provided however, that:

March 1997

1. Other Governmental Ownership. With respect to property which is owned by the State of Nevada or the United States of America, a Variance application is sufficient if it is signed and acknowledged by a prospective purchaser of that property who has entered into a contract with the governmental entity to obtain ownership of the property;

2. Non-Owner Applicant. A Variance application is sufficient if it is signed and acknowledged by a lessee, a contract purchaser or an optionee of the property for which a Variance is sought. However, interest in that property must exist in a written agreement with the owner of record attached to which is a copy of the Variance application and in which the owner of record has authorized the lessee, contract purchaser or optionee to sign the application. The agreement must further stipulate that the owner of record consents to the filing and processing of the application and agrees to honor and be bound by the requested Variance if it is approved and by any conditions of approval attached thereto.

D. Successive Applications

- 1. Previous Variance Application. An application for a Variance on property concerning all or any part of a previous application for the same use, a similar use or a less restrictive use which has been denied, or concerning a previous application which has been withdrawn subsequent to the noticing of a public hearing, shall not be accepted until the following periods will have elapsed between the date of the denial or withdrawal and the date of the meeting for which the proposed application would be scheduled in the normal course:
 - **a.** After the first denial or any withdrawal after public notice has been given one year.
 - **b.** After the second or subsequent denial or withdrawal after public notice has been given two years.
- 2. Previous Similar Application. An application for a Variance concerning all or any part of a previous application for a Special Use Permit or Rezoning for the same use, a similar use or a less restrictive use which has been denied, or concerning a previous application which has been withdrawn subsequent to the noticing of a public hearing, shall not be accepted until the periods described in this Subsection 1 have elapsed.
- 3. Withdrawn Without Prejudice. The time periods that are described in Subsection 1 and 2 above, and that otherwise would become effective because of the withdrawal of an application, shall not become effective if, after consideration of the timing and circumstances of the withdrawal, the Planning Commission or the City Council specifically approves the withdrawal without prejudice.

E. Request for Abevance

{Ord 5729 - 10/06/04}

An applicant who wishes to have an application held in abeyance following the notice and posting of a hearing before the Planning Commission or the City Council shall state good cause for the request. Good cause shall be more than mere inconvenience to the applicant or lack of preparation. The Planning Commission may not grant to an applicant, and the City Council may not grant to an aggrieved person, more than two continuances on the same matter, unless the Commission or Council determines, upon good cause shown, that the granting of additional continuances is warranted.

F. Drawings and Plans Required

Plans describing the proposed development of the property shall be submitted with the application. Guidelines for the preparation of the site development plan, floor plans and building elevations are available in the Department of Planning and Development. Complete working drawings are not necessary; however, improvements, streets, landscape areas and similar items must be shown. Preliminary drawings must contain sufficient information to permit the determination of compliance with good planning practices, applicable standards and ordinances.

G. Public Hearing and Action

{Ord 5792 - 10/05/05} {Ord 5729 - 10/06/04}

1. Hearing. The Planning Commission shall hold a public hearing upon each application for a Variance within 65 days after the application is properly filed.

2. Notice

- **a. Notice Provided**. Notice of the time, place and purpose of the hearing must be given at least 10 days before the hearing by:
 - i) Publishing the notice in a newspaper of general circulation within the City; and
 - ii) Mailing a copy of the notice to:
 - A) The applicant;
 - **B)** Each owner of real property located within a minimum of one thousand feet of the property described in the application;
 - C) Each tenant of any mobile home park that is located within one thousand feet of the property described in the application;
 - **D**) The owner of each of the 30 separately-owned parcels nearest to the property described in the application to the extent this notice does not duplicate the notice otherwise required by this Paragraph (2);
 - E) Any advisory board which has been established for the affected area by the City Council; and
 - **F**) The president or head of any registered local neighborhood organization whose organization boundaries are located within a minimum of one mile of the property described in the application.
- **b. Names Provided.** The Department of Planning and Development shall provide, at the request of the applicant, the name, address and phone number of any person notified pursuant to Subparagraph (F) above.
- **c. Additional Notice.** The Department may give additional notice of the hearing by expanding the area of notification or using other means of notification or both. The Department shall endeavor to provide any additional notice at least 10 days before the date of the hearing.

3. Hearing. The Planning Commission shall conduct a public hearing on the application. In its discretion and for good cause, the Planning Commission may hold the application in abeyance for further study. However, subject to the provisions of State law, the Commission may not grant to an applicant more than two continuances on the same matter, unless the Commission determines, upon good cause shown, that the granting of additional continuances is warranted. Following the hearing or hearings, the Planning Commission shall make a decision to approve, approve with conditions, or deny the Variance application. The decision shall be based upon evidence that makes the grant or denial of the Variance appropriate. The decision shall either be a final decision or a recommendation, as determined in accordance with Section 19.18.070(J).

- **4. Conditions of Approval or Recommendation.** In approving or recommending the approval of a Variance, the Planning Commission may impose any conditions, restrictions or limitations as deemed necessary to meet the general purpose and intent of this Title and to ensure that the public health, safety and general welfare are being maintained.
- 5 Notice of Decision. The Planning Commission shall provide written notice of each decision on a Variance application, which shall include the reasons for the decision and, if the decision is to recommend approval of the Variance, any modifications, conditions or limitations that the Planning Commission may impose or recommend to be imposed in connection with the approval. The notice shall be provided to the owner, developer or agent.

H. Precedents

The fact that a Variance for the same or similar use has been granted previously for the subject property or nearby property is a factor to be considered, but is not determinative.

I. Burden of Proof

The applicant bears the burden of proof to establish that the approval of a Variance is warranted.

J. Appeals

{Ord 5729 - 10/06/04} {Ord 6095 - 06/02/10}

- 1. Denials Generally. Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (3), a decision by the Planning Commission to deny a Variance application becomes final and effective at the expiration of 10 days after the date of the decision unless, within that period, the applicant appeals the decision by written request filed with the City Clerk pursuant to LVMC 19.18.010(C), the City Council may establish a fee to be paid in connection with the filing of an appeal, and the amount of any fee so established shall be set forth in the fee schedule.
- 2. Approvals Generally. Except as otherwise provided in Paragraph (3), a decision by the Planning Commission to approve a Variance application becomes final and effective at the expiration of 10 days after the date of the decision unless, within that period, a member of the City Council requests that the item be reviewed by the Council, or an aggrieved person appeals the decision by written request filed with the City Clerk. For purposes of this Paragraph (2), an "aggrieved person" means any property owner within the area of notification for the Planning Commission hearing, as well as anyone who appeared, either in person, through an authorized representative or in writing, before the Planning Commission

March 1997 Page - 41 -

regarding the application. Pursuant to LVMC 19.18.010(C), the City Council may establish a fee to be paid in connection with the filing of an appeal, and the amount of any fee so established shall be as set forth in the fee schedule.

3. Automatic Review by City Council. With respect to any Variance application related to and filed in connection with an application for a General Plan Amendment; an application for rezoning; or an application for a Special Use Permit or Site Development Plan Review that requires final action by the City Council, the decision by the Planning Commission, whether an approval or denial, constitutes a recommendation to the City Council, which shall make the final decision concerning that Variance application.

K. City Council Public Hearing and Action

{Ord 5792 – 10/05/05} {Ord 5729 – 10/06/04}

1. Notice and Hearing. The City Council shall conduct a public hearing on any Variance application which is appealed or forwarded to the Council for final action. The City Clerk is authorized to consolidate all appeals or requests for review that have been filed regarding a particular application, or to schedule them in sequence or otherwise, in which case the City Council may hear the items separately or consolidate them for purposes of hearing, as the Council deems appropriate. The City Clerk shall mail written notice of the Council hearing, at least ten days before the hearing, to the property owners who were notified by mail of the Planning Commission hearing, or to the current owners of record in case of properties whose ownership has changed in the interim.

{*Ord* 5995 – 08/06/08}

- 2. **Penalty.** If a structure which is the subject of a Variance application has been or is being constructed without a building permit and is in violation of any of the provisions of this Title, the City Council, in granting the Variance, may impose a penalty in an amount that does not exceed 10 percent of the value of the structure as determined in accordance with the City's Administrative Code.
- 3. City Council Decision. The City Council may review the Variance application de novo, and has the authority to reverse, modify, or confirm any action of the Planning Commission. In making a decision regarding a Variance application, the City Council shall consider the decision of the Planning Commission and the evidence presented at the public hearing and shall be guided by the statement of purpose underlying the regulation of the improvement of land expressed in NRS 278.020 Action by the City Council is final for purposes of judicial review. In the case of an appeal, the City Council:
 - **a.** May not grant to an aggrieved person more than two continuances on the same matter, unless the Council determines, upon good cause shown, that the granting of additional continuances is warranted; and
 - **b.** Must render its decision within forty-five days, unless otherwise agreed to by the person filing the appeal.

4. Notice of City Council Decision. The City Council shall provide written notice of its decision, which shall include the reasons for the decision and, if the decision is to approve the Variance, any modifications, conditions or limitations that the Council may impose. The notice shall be provided to the owner, developer or agent. A copy of the notice shall also be filed with the City Clerk, and the date of the notice shall be deemed to be the date notice of the decision is filed with the City Clerk.

L. Determinations

- 1. In order to recommend approval of, or to approve a Variance application, the Planning Commission or City Council must determine that the Variance is warranted both under State law and this subchapter. The minimum State law standards are set forth in Subsection 2 below.
- 2. Where by reason of exceptional narrowness, shallowness, or shape of a specific piece of property at the time of the enactment of the regulation, or by reason of exceptional topographic conditions or other extraordinary and exceptional situation or condition of the piece of property, the strict application of any zoning regulation would result in peculiar and exceptional practical difficulties to, or exceptional and undue hardships upon, the owner of the property, a variance from that strict application may be granted so as to relieve the difficulties or hardship, if the relief may be granted without substantial detriment to the public good, without substantial impairment of affected natural resources and without substantially impairing the intent and purpose of any ordinance or resolution.

M. Premature Use of Property

The issuance of a building permit or business license for a development or structure that requires a Variance, before a Variance is approved, does not replace or otherwise affect the Variance requirement.

N. Revocation

{Ord 5729 - 10/06/04}

- 1. Notice. A Variance may be revoked or modified by the Planning Commission or the City Council, whichever body took final action to approve the Variance. Such action must be preceded by a hearing, written notice of which must be delivered to the owner, developer, or both, at least ten days prior to any hearing. Notice may be delivered in person or by certified mail, return receipt requested, mailed to the address shown in the records of the Clark County Assessor.
- **2. Grounds.** A Variance may be revoked or modified for cause, including a finding of one or more of the following:
 - **a.** That the Variance was obtained by misrepresentation or fraud;
 - **b.** That the development or structure is not in compliance with one or more of the conditions of approval; or

- **c.** That the development or structure permitted by the Variance is in violation of any statute, ordinance, law or regulation.
- **3. Notice of Decision.** Written notice of a decision regarding the revocation or modification of a Variance shall be provided to the owner, developer or agent. A copy of the notice shall also be filed with the City Clerk and the date of the notice shall be deemed to be the date notice of the decision is filed with the City Clerk.
- **4. Appeal.** In the case of a decision by the Planning Commission to revoke or modify a Variance that was approved as final action by the Commission, the appeal provisions of Subsections (J) and (K) of this Section shall apply.

O. Termination

{*Ord* 5729 – 10/06/04} {*Ord* 6095 – 06/02/10}

1. Expiration for Failure to Exercise

- a. A Variance which will require the construction of a new building and which is not exercised within the approval period shall be void, unless the applicant obtains an extension of time upon a showing of good cause. Application for an extension shall be made to the Planning Commission or City Council, whichever body took final action to approve the Variance. An extension of time may be granted only if application therefor is made prior to the expiration of the approval period. For purposes of the Subparagraph (a):
 - **i.** The "approval period" for a Variance is the time period specified in the approval, if one is specified, and is two years, otherwise.
 - **ii.** A Variance is exercised upon the issuance of a building permit for the new construction.
- b. A Variance which will not require the construction of a new building and which is not exercised within the approval period shall be void, unless the applicant obtains an extension of time upon a showing of good cause. Application for an extension shall be made to the Planning Commission or City Council, whichever body took final action to approve the Variance. An extension of time may be granted only if application therefore is made prior to the expiration of the approval period. For purposes of this Subparagraph (b), a Variance is exercised upon the approval of a business license to conduct the activity, if one is required, or otherwise, upon the issuance of a no-work certificate of occupancy (where no structural work is required) or the approval of a final inspection for tenant improvements.
- **2.** <u>Cessation of Use</u>. A Variance to allow a use that is not permitted in a particular zone shall be void without further action if the use approved by the Variance ceases for a period of twelve months or more.

19.18.080 ADMINISTRATIVE DEVIATION

A. Purpose

{*Ord* 6095 – 06/02/10}

The purpose of this subchapter is to establish a procedure (entitled an Administrative Deviation) to allow for minor adjustments of specific requirements of the this Title where, because of special and unique conditions applicable to a specific lot or structure, the literal enforcement of the requirements as applied to the lot or structure would result in an unnecessary hardship. The Administrative Deviation procedure is available as an alternative to the Variance procedure, to be pursued at the option of the applicant. If an application for Administrative Deviation is denied, the Variance procedure must be followed in order for the applicant to obtain the relief sought.

B. Authority

The Director shall have the authority to grant an Administrative Deviation, in accordance with the provisions of this Section, to allow a deviation of up to ten percent regarding the following:

- 1. Front, rear and side yard building setbacks;
- 2. Wall heights;
- **3.** Accessory structure setbacks and heights;
- 4. Planting areas and materials; and
- **5.** Loading and stacking spaces.

C. Eligibility to Apply

{Ord 5405 - 01/02/02} {Ord 6095 - 06/02/10}

- **1.** No application for an Administrative Deviation regarding a building setback may be submitted unless:
 - **a.** In the case of a required side or rear setback of ten feet or less, the requested deviation will not exceed 10% of the required setback, and construction within the reduced setback will not extend more than 15 feet parallel to the property line from which the setback is measured;
 - **b.** In the case of required side or rear yard setback of greater than ten feet or a required front yard setback of greater than ten feet (exclusive of front-loading garages), the requested deviation will not exceed 10% of the required setback, and construction within the reduced setback will not extend more than 15 feet parallel to the property line from which the setback is measured; and
 - **c.** The requested deviation is for a structure that will not exceed the greater of one story or 15 feet in height

March 1997 Page - 45 -

2. No application for an Administrative Deviation may be submitted regarding the height of an accessory structure unless the requested height does not exceed 1.2 times the height of the main dwelling and does not exceed the allowable building height for the zoning district in which the property is located.

D. Application

- 1. An application for an Administrative Deviation shall be made to the Director on a form provided by the Department of Planning and Development. The application shall be filed with the office of the Department of Planning and Development.
- **2.** The application shall be signed, notarized and acknowledged by the record owner of the property for which the Administrative Deviation is sought.

E. Decision

Within 30 days after a complete application for Administrative Deviation has been filed and accepted, the Director shall make a decision to approve, approve with conditions or deny the application.

F. Administrative Deviation Determinations

In order to approve an Administrative Deviation, the Director must determine that:

- 1. The request does not exceed the prescribed limitations of Section (C);
- **2.** Granting the Administrative Deviation will not be inconsistent with the spirit and intent of the General Plan;
- **3.** The request is not intended to be combined with a previous or future Variance request in order to achieve a deviation that would not likely be granted by means of Variance alone; and
- **4.** That one or more of the following conditions exist:
 - **a.** There are special circumstances applicable to the property, such as size, shape, topography, location or surroundings and that the strict application of the Code requirement deprives the property of privileges enjoyed by other property in the vicinity and under the identical land use district classification;
 - **b.** Granting the Administrative Deviation is necessary for the preservation and enjoyment of a substantial property right possessed by other property owners in the same vicinity and land use district and is denied to the property for which the Administrative Deviation is sought;
 - **c.** The Administrative Deviation will not be materially detrimental to the public health, safety, or general welfare, or injurious to the property or improvements in the vicinity and land use district in which the property is located; or
 - **d.** Granting the Administrative Deviation does not constitute a special privilege inconsistent with the limitations upon other properties in the vicinity and land use district in which the property is located.

G. Conditions

In connection with the approval of an Administrative Deviation, the Director may impose any conditions, restrictions or limitations as the Director determines to be necessary to meet the general purpose and intent of this Title and to ensure that the public health, safety and general welfare are being maintained.

H. Notice of Decision

The Director shall provide written notice of his or her decision, which shall include the reasons for the decision and, if the decision is to approve the Administrative Deviation, any modifications, conditions or limitations that the Director may impose. The notice shall be provided to the owner or the owner's agent.

I. Precedents

The fact that an Administrative Deviation for the same or similar use has been granted previously for the subject property or nearby property is a factor to be considered, but is not determinative.

J. Burden of Proof

The applicant bears the burden of proof to establish that the approval of an Administrative Deviation is warranted.

K. Premature Use of Property

The issuance of a building permit or business license for a development or structure that cannot be permitted without an Administrative Deviation, before an Administrative Deviation is approved, does not replace or otherwise affect the Administrative Deviation requirement.

L. Revocation

- 1. Notice. The Director may hold a hearing to revoke or modify an Administrative Deviation. At least 10 days prior to any hearing, written notice of the hearing shall be delivered to the owner or developer, or both. Notice may be delivered in person or certified mail, return receipt requested, mailed to the address shown in the records of the Clark County Assessor.
- **2. Grounds.** An Administrative Deviation may be revoked or modified for cause, including a finding of one or more of the following:
 - **a.** That the Administrative Deviation was obtained by misrepresentation or fraud;
 - **b.** That the development or structure is not in compliance with one or more of the conditions of approval;
 - **c.** That the development or structure permitted by the Administrative Deviation is in violation of any statute, ordinance, law or regulation.

3. Notice of Decision. Written notice of the decision shall be provided to the owner, developer or agent. A copy of the notice shall also be filed with the City Clerk, and the date of the notice shall be deemed to be the date notice of the decision is filed with the City Clerk.

19.18.090 DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENTS

A. Statutory Authority—Conformance Required

Pursuant to the provisions of NRS 278.0201 through 278.0207, the City Council may enter into development agreements to regulate the development of land within the City. The agreements and the procedures applicable thereto shall be governed by and must conform to NRS 278.0201 through NRS 278.0207 and the provisions of this chapter.

B. Planning Commission Review

Before the City Council enters into a development agreement pursuant to this subchapter, the agreement shall be reviewed by the Planning Commission for consistency with the City's General Plan.

C. Administration and Enforcement

Subject to review and input from other City departments, the Department of Planning and Development shall be responsible for applying, administering and enforcing the provisions of this subchapter including the negotiation and enforcement of development agreements.

D. Application of Zoning Provisions

Except as otherwise provided in NRS 278.0201 through 278.0207 or in a development agreement entered into pursuant to this subchapter, all the procedures and requirements of this Title shall apply to the development of property that is the subject of a development agreement.

19.18.100 TEMPORARY COMMERCIAL PERMIT

A. Purpose

The purpose of this subchapter is to provide for a Temporary Commercial Permit to allow certain short-term activities that otherwise would not be allowed and to limit the activities to the circumstances and conditions set forth in this subchapter. The requirements of this subchapter apply to the activities specified herein whether or not they are conducted for profit.

B. Authority

1. The Director of the Department of Planning and Development shall have the authority to approve, approve with conditions, or deny a Temporary Commercial Permit.

March 1997

2. The Director may at any time refer an application for a Temporary Commercial Permit to the Planning Commission for decision.

C. Permitted Uses

{*Ord* 5551 – 12/04/02}

The following temporary uses may be permitted by means of the issuance of a Temporary Commercial Permit.

- 1. A Temporary Contractor's Construction Yard in conjunction with an approved development project; provided, however, that no Temporary Commercial Permit is required if the use is located on the same site as the approved development and is operated in conformance with all applicable City ordinances and standards.
- 2. Seasonal Outdoor Sales, but only if such sales are limited to a maximum of thirty days prior to the specified holiday. No Temporary Commercial Permit is required when the sales operation:
 - **a.** Takes place on the same site as, and is in conjunction with, the operation of an established commercial business with a valid business license for that site; and
 - **b.** Conforms with all applicable City ordinances and standards.
- **3.** Parking Lot/Sidewalk Sales; provided, however, that such sales:
 - **a.** Must take place on the same site as, and be in conjunction with, the operation of an established commercial business with a valid business license for that site;
 - **b.** Must take place on a paved or concrete area that is located on the same lot or within the same commercial subdivision as the structure that houses the business;
 - c. Are limited to a duration of seven days each; and
 - **d.** Occur no more that four times within a calendar year.
- **4.** Temporary Outdoor Commercial Events; provided, however, that such events:
 - **a.** Are limited to a duration of thirty days each; and
 - **b.** Occur no more than six times within a calendar year.
- 5. The sales of new automobiles, new trucks, or new boats at a shopping mall of at least 90 acres in size and located in the C-1 (or a less restrictive) Zoning District. At any one shopping mall, no more than four sales events may occur within any twelve-month period, and no one sale event may last more than three days.
- **6.** Any other temporary use that is similar to those enumerated in this Subsection (C) and that, in the opinion of the Director, is compatible with the zoning district and surrounding land uses.

D. Application and Decision

An application for a Temporary Commercial Permit shall be filed with the Director and shall be accompanied by a filing fee as set forth in the fee schedule. The application shall contain sufficient information and detail to enable the Director to determine the appropriateness of issuing a permit under this subchapter. Within 30 days after receipt of a complete and sufficient application, the Director shall take appropriate action to approve, approve with conditions or deny the application. The Director may approve a Temporary Commercial Permit if the Director determines that:

- 1. The proposed use is compatible with existing land uses on the same property and on surrounding properties;
- 2. The subject site is physically suitable for the type and intensity of the use being proposed;
- 3. There will be adequate public access to the site and adequate provision for on-site parking;
- **4.** The application is not a continuation of consecutive applications or otherwise an attempt to circumvent the limitations contained in this subchapter.

E. Appeal

The applicant may appeal a decision of the Director to the Planning Commission by filing a written request with the Department of Planning and Development. Any appeal pursuant to this section must be filed within 10 days after the date of the decision that is the subject of the appeal. The decision of the Planning Commission is final, unless appealed to the City Council as in the case of a Variance.

F. Conditions of Approval

{Ord 5551 - 12/04/02}

In approving a Temporary Commercial Permit, the Director (or, upon appeal, the Planning Commission) may impose conditions, stipulations or limitations as are deemed necessary to ensure that the activity will be consistent with Subsection (D) of this Section. Such conditions may include, but are not limited to the following:

- 1. Provision for temporary parking facilities, including vehicle ingress and egress;
- 2. Measures to prevent or reduce nuisance factors such as glare, excessive illumination noise, vibration, smoke, dust, dirt, odors, gases and heat;
- **3.** Regulation of placement, height, size and location of structures, facilities, landscaping and equipment, including provision for buffering and separation;
- **4.** Provision for sanitary facilities and for waste collection and disposal;
- 5. Measures to promote safety and security;
- **6.** Regulation of signs and other attention-gaining devices;

- 7. Regulation of operating hours and duration of the temporary commercial use;
- **8.** Regulation of the hours and duration of set-up and dismantling activities;
- 9. Compliance with applicable provisions of the Las Vegas Municipal Code;
- **10.** Any other conditions which will ensure the operation of the proposed temporary use is conducted in an orderly, efficient manner and in accordance with the intent and purpose of this subchapter.

G. Cleanup of Temporary Site

{Ord 5551 – 12/04/02}

The holder of a Temporary Commercial Permit shall be responsible for leaving the property free of debris, litter or other evidence of the temporary use immediately upon completion or removal of the use. If the holder of the Temporary Commercial Permit is not the record owner of the property, the holder and the property owner(s) are jointly and severally responsible for compliance with this Subsection (G).

H. Revocation

A Temporary Commercial Permit may be revoked or modified by the Director, upon notice to the permit holder, if the Director finds that:

- **1.** The permit was obtained by misrepresentation or fraud;
- **2.** The activity is not in compliance with the permit or any condition of approval;
- **3.** The use to be allowed by means of the permit is conducted in violation of any applicable statute, ordinance, or regulation; or
- **4.** The permit is being employed as a means to circumvent the limitations contained in this Title.

19.18.110 HOME OCCUPATION PERMIT

A. Purpose and Permit Requirement

The purpose of this subchapter is to provide for a Home Occupation Permit to allow limited types of income producing activities within residential zoning districts. A home occupation is an incidental or secondary use so located that the average neighbor, under normal circumstances, would not be aware of its existence. Except as otherwise provided in this subchapter and Title, no residentially zoned parcel may be used for the purpose of conducting any business or income producing activity except as allowed by means of a Home Occupation Permit.

B. Exceptions

No Home Occupation Permit shall be required for educational activities, including but not limited to music lessons, academic tutoring or religious instruction, provided that no more than two students are present at any one time and the use complies with the requirements of this subchapter.

C. Authority

The Director of Planning and Development or, upon appeal, the Planning Commission, shall have the authority to approve, approve with conditions, or deny a Home Occupation Permit. In approving a Home Occupation application, the Director (or if applicable, the Planning Commission) may impose conditions, stipulations or restrictions as are deemed necessary to ensure that the activity will be consistent with the intent of this subchapter.

D. Application

An application for a Home Occupation Permit shall be filed with the Director. The application shall contain sufficient information and detail to enable the Director to determine the appropriateness of issuing a permit under this subchapter. If the Home Occupation is to be conducted by the tenant of property which is leased or rented, the tenant shall obtain written authorization from the property owner or property manager and submit the authorization with the Home Occupation Permit application.

E. Process and Review

Within 30 days after receipt of a complete application, the Director shall approve, approve with conditions, or deny the application.

F. Decision and Notice of Decision

- 1. The Director shall approve a Home Occupation Permit if the Director finds that;
 - **a.** The proposed Home Occupation is compatible with the existing residential uses on the property and surrounding properties; and
 - **b.** The proposed Home Occupation will conform to the Operational Standards and requirements contained in this subchapter.
- 2. The Director shall provide written notice of the decision, which shall include the reasons for the decision and, if the decision is to approve the Home Occupation Permit, any modifications, conditions or limitations that the Director may impose. The notice shall be provided to the owner or the owner's agent.

G. Operational Standards

1. In order to approve a Home Occupation Permit, the Director (or if appealed, the Planning Commission) must be satisfied that the proposed Home Occupation can and will comply with the following operational standards:

a. Only the occupants of the dwelling unit shall be engaged in the business activity approved for the Home Occupation Permit;

- **b.** No employees shall report to work or be dispatched from the property;
- **c.** There shall be no transacting of business or offers to transact business with customers or clients who have come to the property;
- **d.** There shall be no signage or other advertising of any kind, whether on the property or elsewhere, which advertises the address or physical location of the property or identifies the existence of a Home Occupation on the property. A home telephone number or a post office box may be advertised by any medium other than on-site signage;
- **e.** No motor vehicle repair, paint or body work; commercial preparation of food for service on the premises; business related to or involving explosives, ammunitions or weapons; beauty parlor or barber shop; or ambulance or related emergency services shall be permitted as a Home Occupation;
- **f.** A Home Occupation shall not create pedestrian, automobile or truck traffic in excess of the normal amount associated with residential uses in the district;
- **g.** A Home Occupation shall be conducted exclusively within the main dwelling or within an accessory structure which has been approved for the Home Occupation Permit, except for horticultural activities;
- **h.** No more than one vehicle, with a maximum capacity of one-ton, shall be used in connection with a Home Occupation Permit;
- i. The number of on-site parking spaces shall not be reduced to less than two;
- **j.** There shall be no outdoor storage or use of any toxic chemicals or hazardous materials of any type or in any amount not normally found in a residential structure;
- **k.** There shall be no electrical or mechanical equipment which is not normally found in a residential structure, and no equipment found on the premises shall cause a change in the fire safety or occupancy classification of the dwelling unit; and
- **l.** No Home Occupation shall create or cause noise, dust, light, vibration, gas, fumes, toxic/hazardous materials, smoke, glare, electrical interference or other hazards or nuisances.
- 2. The following uses are uses that normally may be permitted by means of Home Occupation Permit if they can be conducted in compliance with the Operational Standards in subsection (1) of this section. This is not a comprehensive list but should be used to establish appropriate types of uses for Home Occupations.
 - a. 800 and 900 number telephone services;
 - **b.** Accounting, bookkeeping, tax preparation or related services;

Chapter 19.18 Applications and Procedures

- **c.** Appraisal, real estate or related services;
- **d.** Architectural, engineering, general contractor or related professional services;
- **e.** Artist, artisans, hobbyists, jeweler or related services;
- **f.** Computer based businesses, desktop publishing, drafting or related services;
- **g.** Consulting or related services;
- **h.** Employment services;
- i. Financial investment, brokerage or related services;
- **j.** Handicrafts, gift basket assembly, floral, ceramics or related services;
- **k.** Health fitness training services;
- 1. Home improvement and repair services;
- m. Incidental office and telephone uses;
- **n.** Information services;
- o. Insurance services;
- **p.** Interior design and decorating services;
- **q.** Legal, court reporting or related services;
- r. Mail order and catalog services;
- s. Mobile serve businesses;
- t. Network marketing services;
- u. Janitorial, maintenance and repair services;
- v. Party planning services;
- w. Photography, video or related services;
- **x.** Secretarial, typing, answering or related services;
- y. Tailoring and sewing services;
- **z.** Teaching or related services with a maximum of two students at any one time;
- aa. Travel services;

- **bb.** Vending machine businesses; and
- **cc.** Writers, authors or related professionals.

3. Any Home Occupation Permit which is found to be similar to those enumerated in this section and which, in the opinion of the Director, is compatible with the intent of this subchapter, may be approved or approved with conditions. If the Director determines that a proposed Home Occupation would be detrimental to the public health, safety and welfare or injurious to the existing land uses on the property or to the surrounding properties, or does not substantially conform to the Operational Standards contained in this subchapter, the Director shall deny the Home Occupation Permit.

H. Appeal of Director's Action

If the applicant is aggrieved by the Director's decision, or any conditions attached thereto, the applicant may appeal the decision to the Planning Commission by written request within 10 days after the date of decision by the Director. The appeal must be filed in the Department of Planning and Development. The appeal hearing shall be scheduled as soon as is reasonably possible, and appropriate notice of the hearing shall be provided. The Planning Commission may affirm, reverse or modify the Director's decision. Notice of the Planning Commission's decision shall be provided to the applicant or the applicant's agent, and the date of the notice shall be deemed to be the date notice of the decision is filed with the City Clerk.

I. Optional Treatment of Appeal

The Director or Planning Commission may require that an appeal filed pursuant to Section (H) be heard as a public hearing item. The requirement for a public hearing must be based upon a determination that, in the instance of that particular application, the public interest will best be served by providing notice and an opportunity to be heard to surrounding property owners. In such event, the Director shall process the application in accordance with the standards and procedures for Special Use Permit applications.

J. Transfer of Permits

A Home Occupation permit shall not be transferable to:

- 1. Another address, or
- 2. Any person other than the applicant, a family member residing in the home, or a legal entity in which the applicant or resident family member has a controlling interest.

K. Expiration

Home Occupation Permits not exercised within one year after approval shall be void without further action unless a greater time limit is specified in the approval. Home Occupation uses which cease for more than 6 months shall be void without further action.

March 1997 Page - 55 -

L. Revocation or Modification

- 1. Notice and Hearing. Upon proper notice to, and an opportunity to be heard by, the permit holder, the Director may revoke or modify a Home Occupation permit if the Director determines one or more of the following:
 - **a.** That the Home Occupation is not in compliance with one or more of the Operational Standards of this subchapter;
 - **b.** That the Home Occupation Permit was obtained by misrepresentation or fraud;
 - **c.** That the Home Occupation is being conducted in violation of any statute, ordinance, law or regulation.
- **2. Appeal and Notice of Decision.** The Director's decision may be appealed in the same manner as the initial denial of a Home Occupation Permit, in accordance with Section (H). The provisions of Section (I) shall not apply to the appeal, except that the Director and the or the Planning Commission may provide notice and opportunity to be heard to surrounding property owners.

19.18.120 ZONING CODE TEXT AMENDMENT

A. Purpose

The purpose of this subchapter is to provide for a process to amend the text of this Title.

B. Authority

- 1. Whenever public health, safety and general welfare may require, the City Council may amend, supplement, modify, change, or repeal any of the regulations contained in this Title.
- **2.** Except where immediate concern for the public health, safety or general welfare dictate otherwise, the substance of any proposed amendment to the text of this Title shall be presented to the Planning Commission for its recommendation.

C. Planning Commission Public Hearing and Action

- 1. The Planning Commission shall hold a public hearing upon any proposed text amendment that has been presented to the Planning Commission for review.
- 2. Notice of the time, place and purpose of the hearing shall be given at least 10 days before the hearing by publishing a notice in a newspaper of general circulation within the City.
- **3.** The Planning Commission shall hear and consider evidence and facts from any person present at the public hearing who desires to be heard and shall consider written communication from any person.

4. At the conclusion of the public hearing on the text amendment, the Planning Commission may recommend approval, approval with modification or disapproval of the amendment, or may hold the item in abeyance for further study.

D. City Council Consideration

The recommendation of the Planning Commission shall be made available to the City Council in connection with the Council's consideration, if any, of the text amendment.

19.18.130 STREET NAME CHANGE

A. Purpose

- 1. The purpose of this subchapter is to establish a procedure to change the name of any street or a portion of a street.
- 2. Street name changes will be made consistent with LVMC Chapter 19.09 and the edition of the City of Las Vegas Street Naming and Address Assignment Regulations adopted therein, as it may be amended from time to time.

{Ord. 6053 – 08-05-09}

B. Application

A petition for Street Name Change shall be made on a form to be provided by the Department of Planning and Development. The applicant shall file two copies of the petition with the Director of the Department of Planning and Development. The petition shall describe with certainty the portion of the street or streets to be affected. The petition shall be signed by all abutting property owners or a representative of the local government initiating the petition.

C. Time of Filing

In order to provide sufficient time for the necessary investigation by the Planning Commission and/or the Director, an application for a Street Name Change must be filed with the Director a minimum of 30 days prior to the date of the meeting of the Planning Commission at which the Street Name Change application is to be heard and considered.

D. Planning Commission Public Hearing and Action

- 1. **Process and Review.** The Planning Commission shall hold a public hearing upon a completed application for Street Name Change following receipt of the petition.
- 2. Notice. The Director shall endeavor to mail notices of the Planning Commission meeting at which the petition will be considered to all persons owning property abutting the street or streets to be affected by the proposed name change; however, the failure to do so shall not invalidate any action taken at the meeting.
- **3. Decision and Report.** Following the conduct of a public hearing or hearings, the Planning Commission shall make its recommendation either to grant or deny the application for a Street Name Change. The Planning Commission shall transmit a report of its recommendation to the City Council.

March 1997 Page - 57 -

E. City Council Public Hearing and Review

The City Council shall consider the application for Street Name Change and the recommendation of the Planning Commission at its next available meeting. If the City Council finds that it is in the best interest of the public and that no person will be materially injured, the City Council may order that the name of the street be changed.

F. Recording

The order contemplated in Section E of this subchapter shall be recorded in the office of the County Recorder and in the event the original name of the affected street is indicated on a subdivision map, parcel map or plat on file with the Recorder, the County Recorder shall make a written notation of the change on any map affected by the order.

19.18.140 REVIEW OF CONDITIONS

A. Purpose and Intent

The purpose of a Review of Condition is to provide a mechanism for reviewing proposed modifications to conditions of approval imposed by the City Council or Planning Commission. The provisions of this Section are intended to govern whenever there is a proposal to amend, modify or review a condition of approval of an application under this Chapter, notwithstanding the fact that other provisions of this Chapter regarding amendments and modifications to approved applications or plans might otherwise apply. The provisions of this Section are not intended to limit the authority of the Planning Commission or City Council.

B. Application

The applicant for a Review of Condition shall schedule and hold a pre-application conference with the Department prior to the submittal of an application. An application for Review of Condition shall be filed with the Department on a form to be provided by the Department. The application shall be signed and acknowledged by the owner of record of the property for which the Review of Condition is sought, and shall be notarized as to the owner's signature.

C. Hearing

An application for Review of Condition shall be heard by the Planning Commission or City Council, depending on which body took final action to impose the condition or conditions being reviewed. Notice of the time, place and purpose of the hearing must be given at least ten days before the hearing by:

- 1. Publishing the notice in a newspaper of general circulation within the City; and
- **2.** Mailing a copy of the notice to:
 - a) The applicant;
 - **b)** Each owner of real property located within a minimum of one thousand feet of the property described in the application;

c) The president or head of any registered local neighborhood organization whose organization boundaries are located within the minimum of one mile of the property described in the application; and

{Ord. 5946 - 11/07/07}

d) The owner of each of the 30 separately-owned parcels nearest to the property described in the application to the extent this notice does not duplicate the notice otherwise required by this Paragraph (2)

D. Decision

The Planning Commission or City Council, as the case may be, may approve, approve with conditions or deny an application for Review of Condition. The decision is final, subject to the right of appeal available under State law.

E. Notice of Decision

Written notice of the decision by the Planning Commission or City Council, as the case may be, including the reasons therefor, shall be provided to the applicant or agent. A copy of the notice shall also be filed with the City Clerk, and the date of the notice shall be deemed to be the date notice of the decision is filed with the City Clerk.

{Ord. 5946 - 11/07/07}

19.18.150 REQUIRED REVIEWS

{*Ord* 6095 – 06/02/10}

A. Purpose

The Planning Commission and City Council are authorized by the provisions of this Title to impose conditions in connection with their approval of applications under this Title. From time to time, such conditions of approval include a condition requiring that the application so approved (the "approved item") be brought back for review, either an administrative review or a review by the approving body. The purpose of the Required Review process described in this Section is to provide the mechanism by which approved items may be reviewed for compliance with the provisions of this Title and with conditions that were imposed in connection with the approval.

B. Application

An application for a Required Review shall be filed with the Department on a form to be provided by the Department. The application shall be signed and acknowledged by the owner of record of the property for which the Required Review is sought, and shall be notarized as to the owner's signature. In the absence of a voluntary application, the Department may process the Required Review on its own initiative.

March 1997 Page - 59 -

C. Types of Required Review

Where the type of review required by a condition of approval was an administrative review, the Required Review shall be performed by the Director. Where the type of review required by a condition of approval was not an administrative review, the provisions of Subsections (D) through (F) of this Section shall apply.

D. Hearing

An application or agenda item for a Required Review shall be heard by the Planning Commission or City Council, depending on which body took final action to approve the items subject to a Required Review. Notice of the time, place and purpose of the hearing must be given at least ten days before the hearing by:

- 1) Publishing the notice in the newspaper of general circulation within the City; and
- 2) Mailing a copy of the notice to;
 - **a.** The applicant, if any, or otherwise to the property owner, operator of the use, or other representative;
 - **b.** Each owner of real property located within a minimum of one thousand feet of the property described in the application;
 - **c.** The president or head of any registered local neighborhood organization whose organization boundaries are located within the minimum of one mile of the property described in the application; and
 - **d.** The owner of each of the thirty separately-owned parcels nearest to the property described in the application to the extent that this notice does not duplicate the notice otherwise required by this Paragraph (2)

E. Decision

The Planning Commission or City Council, as the case may be, may take such action as it deems appropriate regarding the application, including without limitation:

- 1) Allowing the previous approval to continue subject to further review;
- 2) Allowing the previous approval to continue without further review;
- 3) Allowing the previous approval to continue subject to a different scope, or subject to conditions other than any previously imposed; or
- **4)** Revoking or otherwise terminating the previous approval, but only if notice of the potential to take such action is provided at least fourteen days in advance of the hearing to:

- **a.** The applicant (if any) or the applicant's agent; or
- **b.** Otherwise, to the property owner or operator of the use (or an agent).

F. Notice of Decision

Written notice of the decision by the Planning Commission or City Council, as the case may be, including the reasons therefor, shall be provided to the applicant, if any, or the applicant's agent, or otherwise to the property owner, to the operator of the use, or an agent therof. A copy of the notice shall also be filed with the City Clerk, and the date of the notice shall be deemed to be the date notice of the decision is filed with the City Clerk.